

2018 Air Quality Annual Status Report (ASR)

In fulfilment of Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 Local Air Quality Management

May 2018

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Executive Summary: Air Quality in Our Area Air Quality in Wokingham Borough

Air pollution is associated with a number of adverse health impacts. It is recognised as a contributing factor in the onset of heart disease and cancer. Additionally, air pollution particularly affects the most vulnerable in society: children and older people, and those with heart and lung conditions. There is also often a strong correlation with equalities issues, because areas with poor air quality are also often the less affluent areas^{1,2}.

The annual health cost to society of the impacts of particulate matter alone in the UK is estimated to be around $\pounds 16$ billion³.

The major source of air quality pollutants in Wokingham Borough is road transport, and in particular the contribution from the M4 has been identified as significant. The main pollutant of concern is nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) and three Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) have been declared for exceedances of the annual mean NO₂ objective. These are located in Wokingham Town Centre, Twyford Crossroads and along, and 60m either side of, the M4 throughout the whole of the borough (https://uk-air.defra.gov.uk/aqma/local-authorities?la_id=318).

NO₂ levels in 2017 have generally shown a decrease of 2016 levels for the diffusion tube sites. Overall the levels have been reducing over the last 5 years to 2017.

The automatic monitoring unit in Peach Street Wokingham recorded a level of $38.1 \mu g/m^3$, which was not record an exceedance of the annual mean NO₂ objective, although 3 diffusion tubes located within the Wokingham Town Centre AQMA showed an exceedance. There was no exceedance of the 1 hour NO₂ objective with 15 of the 18 exceedances permitted. Within the M4 AQMA, there were no exceedances of the annual mean NO₂, with a reduction in levels in Shinfield, which may be due to the new A327 road layout.

Within the Twyford Crossroads AQMA there was 1 exceedances of the annual mean NO₂. A continuous monitor to monitor NO₂ is due to be set up within the AQMA in 2018.

¹ Environmental equity, air quality, socioeconomic status and respiratory health, 2010

² Air quality and social deprivation in the UK: an environmental inequalities analysis, 2006

³ Defra. Abatement cost guidance for valuing changes in air quality, May 2013

No diffusion tube results were recorded above $60\mu g/m^3$ which would indicate an exceedance of the 1 hour NO₂ objective.

No extensions or amendments to the AQMAs were required nor any new AQMAs to be declared.

The preparation of the Air Quality Action Plans for Twyford and Wokingham AQMAs has been completed. Following consultation and a Stakeholder workshop in 2017 the final Plan was agreed by and published in March 2018.

As part of a unitary authority Environmental Health has continued to work in conjunction with the Transport Policy Team with the implementation of Local Transport Plan 3 (2011 - 2026). The Plan includes a Transport Vision setting out the long-term transport strategy for the borough, particularly for the four new communities being created to accommodate the majority of the construction of over 13,000 new houses in Wokingham Borough as identified in the Local Development Framework Core Strategy. The vision is to provide a cost-effective, inclusive transport network that enhances the economic, social and environmental prospects of the Borough whilst promoting the safety, health and wellbeing of those that use it. Key goals within this vision include increasing and promoting opportunities to walk and cycle, improving the affordability and availability of public transport and enabling people to make informed, safe and sustainable travel decisions. The Plan acknowledges the link with the M4 AQMA and any future AQAP's. There is also a specific Policy on Air Quality (Policy LTP HW10) which states that the Council will continue to develop and implement our Draft Air Quality Action Plan in response to pollution caused by vehicle emissions. Furthermore, a key objective of the Strategic Environmental Assessment for LTP3 was to improve air quality. LTP Strategies continue to be reviewed. The Local Plan Update (2026-2036) has commenced following which the next Transport Vision review will take place along with the next LTP.

The link between air quality, particularly from PM_{2.5}, and public health in Wokingham Borough requires further exploration however working with the Strategic Berkshire Public Health Team has continued.

Actions to Improve Air Quality

All planning applications are reviewed for their air quality impact and potential to introduce new receptors into areas of existing poor air quality in the borough. Air quality assessments have been provided where necessary and appropriate mitigation requested. Applications have included several major residential and mixed use residential and commercial schemes, traffic flow changes to road schemes, new relief road schemes and any applications which may have an impact to the AQMAs and other hotspot locations.

Wokingham Borough Council has completed all Pollution Prevention and Control inspections as required.

Environmental Health contributed to the collation of traffic data, officers have received appropriate training in fulfilling their LAQM duties and are part of appropriate internal working groups to ensure air quality impacts in specific projects or areas of highways works are considered.

A joint application with Bracknell Forest and West Berkshire Councils to the Air Quality Grant Scheme 2017-18 was made but unfortunately not successful in securing grant funding for the project of involving the purchase of monitoring equipment which children/adults can wear to monitor their personal exposure to air pollution on the way to and from school against routes they have taken. It is hoped information collected can be used to help inform and review school travel plans to encourage changes in behaviour to support their plans, and long term improvements in local air quality and public health outcomes.

Conclusions and Priorities

One of Wokingham Borough Council's priorities is to "tackle traffic congestion in specific areas of the Borough" and one of its underpinning principles is to "improve health, wellbeing and quality of life".

The following local priorities have been set in Wokingham Borough:

- Exploring the link between public health and PM_{2.5};
- Continuing the joint working between the Public Health and Environmental Health teams and links within the Berkshire Public Health Shared Team, considering the inclusion of air quality in the Public Health Work Plan and the Health and Wellbeing Strategy;
- Continuing to work within the unitary authority with the Transport Policy and Highways Teams;

- Commence the implementation of the AQAP for the Wokingham Town Centre and Twyford Crossroads;
- Consider revocation of the M4 AQMA following the opening of the new

M4 motorway overbridge as part of the Shinfield Eastern Relief Road Scheme; and

Continue and expand the continuous and passive air quality monitoring programmes.

The following challenges have been identified:

- Budget allocation for progressing measures and actions however funding applications will be applied for where possible/appropriate; and
- Linking of the Public Health Outcome Framework and health profiles to air quality to show any causal relationship.

Local Engagement and How to get Involved

For further details on air quality in Wokingham Borough please refer to our website

at http://info.westberks.gov.uk/index.aspx?articleid=27513.

Visit our My Journey website - Your one stop destination for travel information and advice in and around Wokingham borough: <u>http://www.myjourneywokingham.com/</u> Individuals or members of local groups are invited to share any ideas they have to cut NO₂ levels in Wokingham Borough by emailing:

environmental.health@wokingham.gov.uk

Other useful websites include:

- <u>https://uk-air.defra.gov.uk</u>
- <u>http://jsna.wokingham.gov.uk/people-and-places/environmental-health-andlicensing</u>

There are a number of ways members of the public can help to improve local air quality:

• Walk or cycle short distances of less than one or two miles rather than driving

- Search for car sharing opportunities using the Liftshare UK
 <u>https://liftshare.com/uk</u> or Faxi (<u>https://faxi.co.uk/</u>
- Use the bus or train regularly and keep up-to-date with the latest bus routes timetables.

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1 Local Air Quality Management

This report provides an overview of air quality in Wokingham Borough during 2017. It fulfils the requirements of Local Air Quality Management (LAQM) as set out in Part IV of the Environment Act (1995) and the relevant Policy and Technical Guidance documents.

The LAQM process places an obligation on all local authorities to regularly review and assess air quality in their areas, and to determine whether or not the air quality objectives are likely to be achieved. Where an exceedance is considered likely the local authority must declare an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) setting out the measures it intends to put in place in pursuit of the objectives. This Annual Status Report (ASR) is an annual requirement showing the strategies employed by Wokingham Borough to improve air quality and any progress that has been made.

The statutory air quality objectives applicable to LAQM in England can be found in Table E.1 in Appendix E.

2 Actions to Improve Air Quality

2.1 Air Quality Management Areas

Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) are declared when there is an exceedance or likely exceedance of an air quality objective. After declaration, the authority must prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) within 12-18 months setting out measures it intends to put in place in pursuit of compliance with the objectives.

A summary of AQMAs declared by Wokingham Borough can be found in Table 2.1. Further information related to declared or revoked AQMAs, including maps of AQMA boundaries are available online at:

https://uk-air.defra.gov.uk/aqma/local-authorities?la_id=318 .

Alternatively, see Appendix D: Map(s) of Monitoring Locations and AQMAs, which provides for a map of air quality monitoring locations in relation to the AQMA(s).

There are no proposals to declare a new AQMA. There are no proposals to amend any of the AQMAs.

Table 2.1 – Declared Air Quality Management Areas

AQMA	Date of Declarati	Pollutan ts and Air	City /	City /	One Line	Is air quality in the AQMA influenc ed by	mon cor	(maxi itored/ icentra	/modello ation at f releva	ed a			Action Plan
Name	Declarati on	Quality Objectiv es	Town	Descripti on	roads controll ed by Highwa ys England ?	At Declara	Nov		Nam e	Date of Publicati on	Link		
M4 AQMA	Declared 2001, Amended 2004	NO2 Annual Mean	Wokingh am borough	Zone 60m either side of the M4 from Council's boundaries with RBC & RBW&M throughout the borough and 10m either side of the A329(M)/A32 90. The AQMA was reduced to the Council's boundaries with RBC & RBW&M throughout the borough and 10m either side of the	YES	69 (2001), 56 (2004)	μg/m 3	39.1 (WOK 841)	μg/m 3	refer to LTP3		http://www.wokingham.gov.uk/parking-road- works-and-transport/transport-and-roads- guidance-and-plans/?categoryesctl91f252ff- 550d-4cfa-a838-92ef2cb5f83c=7749	

				A329(M)/A32 90 including an extended area along the A329 Reading Rd, where it underpasses the M4.								
M4 AQMA	Declared 2001, Amended 2004	NO2 1 Hour Mean	Wokingh am borough	Zone 60m either side of the M4 from Council's boundaries with RBC & RBW&M throughout the borough and 10m either side of the A329(M)/A32 90	YES	228 (percent ile of hourly means)		N/A				
Twyford Crossroa ds AQMA	09/12/ 2015	NO2 Annual Mean	Twyford	Residential and commercial properties along parts of High St in the west, Wargrave Rd in the northwest, London Rd in the north- east and Church St the south- east.	NO	54	µg/m 3	49.1 (WOK 856)	µg/m 3	WBC AQAP 2017	Mar-18	http://info.westberks.gov.uk/CHttpHandler.ashx ?id=45385

Wokingh am Town Centre AQMA	09/12/ 2015	NO2 Annual Mean	Wokingh am	An area encompassin g the town centre of Wokingham from A329 London Road to the north to Denmark Street in the south, along A329 Broad Street to Shute End and Reading Road and Wiltshire Road and Rectory Road A321	NO	52	µg/m 3	38.1 (cont. monito r) 49.1 (WOK 857)	µg/m 3	WBC AQAP 2017	Mar-18	http://info.westberks.gov.uk/CHttpHandler.ashx ?id=45385
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Wokingham Borough Council confirm the information on UK-Air regarding their AQMA(s) is up to date

2.2 Progress and Impact of Measures to address Air Quality in Wokingham Borough

Defra's appraisal of last year's ASR concluded that the next step is for Wokingham Borough Council to complete the AQAPs for Twyford Crossroads and Wokingham Town Centre AQMAs. Following consultation and stakeholder engagement the Plan for both the AQMAs was agreed and published in March 2018. In addition the following were required:

- review status of M4 AQMA this has been completed, see section 3.2.1 " M4 AQMA"
- review status of the monitoring data outside Twyford Crossroads AQMA see section 3.2.1 "Twyford Crossroads AQMA".

Wokingham Borough has taken forward a number of direct measures during the current reporting year of 2017 in pursuit of improving local air quality. Details of all measures completed, in progress or planned are set out in Table 2.2.

More detail on these measures can be found in their respective Action Plans, including the LTP3. Key completed measures are:

- civil parking enforcement implementation
- cycleway network infrastructure and improvements
- residential/personalised travel planning

Wokingham Borough Council expects the following measures to be completed over the course of the next reporting year:

- further cycleway network infrastructure and improvements
- installation of cut pollution turn off your engine signage in Twyford
- commencement of Thames Valley Park and Ride development
- progress with the East Reading Mass Rapid Transit project
- completion of the Air Quality and Public Health guidance document for Planning

Wokingham Borough Council's priorities for the coming year are:

- commence the implementation of the AQAP for Twyford Crossroads and Wokingham Town Centre via internal officer working group
- promotion of low emission transport and car club
- promotion of active travel and travel choices via the My Journey platform, and
- working with Public Health colleagues.

The principal challenges and barriers to implementation that Wokingham Borough Council anticipates facing are related to resources and lack of funding to implement more actions.

Progress on the following measures has been slower than expected due to: resources and lack of funding to implement more actions.

Whilst the measures stated above and in Table 2.2 will help to contribute towards compliance, Wokingham Borough Council anticipates that further additional measures not yet prescribed will be required in subsequent years to achieve compliance and enable the revocation of the M4, Twyford Crossroads and Wokingham Town Centre AQMAs.

Table 2.2 – Progress on Measures to Improve Air Quality

Measure No.	Measure	EU Category	EU Classification	Organisations involved and Funding Source	Planning Phase	Implementation Phase	Key Performance Indicator	Reduction in Pollutant / Emission from Measure	Progress to Date	Estimated / Actual Completion Date	Comments / Barriers to implementation
1	Miles Road Woodley New Cycle Route	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
2	Cutbush Lane New Cycle Route	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSFT		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
3	Black Boy RBT Cycleway improveme nts	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
4	Barncroft Drive New Cycleway	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
5	Paddick Drive New Cycleway	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
6	Meldreth Way New Cycleway	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
7	Hurricane way Woodley New Cycleway	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF		2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16

8	A329 Cycleway Corridor Phases, 1, 2 &3	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC LSTF	2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
9	Bike It Officer	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Promotion of cycling	WBC LSTF	2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
10	Cycle Road shows	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Promotion of cycling	WBC LSTF	2014	19% increase in cycling activity compared to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
11	Cycle promotion video	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Promotion of cycling	WBC	2014	100000 views on youtube	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
12, 13 and 14	Plough Lane New Footway, Barn Manor New footway, eading Road, new pedestrian islands	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Other	WBC LSTF	2014	7.4% increase in walking activity compared to base year 3700 residents involved with Beat the Street and walked 55,000 miles in a round the world challenge	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
15	Rushy Way Pedestrian signal upgrade	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Other	WBC LSTF	2014	7.4% increase in walking activity compared to base year	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
16	Active Travel Officer	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Intensive active travel campaign & infrastructure	WBC LSTF	2014	7.4% increase in walking activity compared to base year	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
17	Community Walking Challenge	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Personalised Travel Planning	WBC LSTF	 2014	7.4% increase in walking activity compared to base year	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16

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18	Beat the Street (Walking 2000 residents)	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Intensive active travel campaign & infrastructure	WBC LSTF	2014	7.4% increase in walking activity compared to base year	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
19	New walking & Cycle mapping	Public Information	Via leaflets	WBC LSTF	2014		Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
20	Wokingham Town Personal Travel Planning (4000 residents)	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Personalised Travel Planning	WBC LSTF	2014	10% reduction in Car trips in Woosehill & Emmbrook	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
21	Wokingham Travel Smart Phone app	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Personalised Travel Planning	WBC LSTF	2014	10% reduction in Car trips in Woosehill & Emmbrook	Yes- unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
22	Job Seekers Personal Travel Planning	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Personalised Travel Planning	WBC LSTF	2014	10% reduction in Car trips in Woosehill & Emmbrook	Yes- unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
23	Business Travel Planning	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Workplace Travel Planning	WBC LSTF	2014	10% reduction in Car trips in Woosehill & Emmbrook	Yes- unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
24	Commuter Challenge	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Intensive active travel campaign & infrastructure	WBC LSTF	2014	4 tonnes of CO2 saved	Yes- unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
25	Showcase Cinema - Traffic signal Upgrades	Traffic Manageme nt	Testing Vehicle Emissions	WBC LSTF	2014	7% increase in the average speed of vehicles travelling along A329 corridor	Yes- unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
26	Traffic Signal improveme nt	Traffic Manageme nt	UTC, Congestion management, traffic reduction	WBC LSTF	2014	7% increase in the average speed of vehicles travelling along A329 corridor	Yes- unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16

27	Nine Mile Ride - New bus stops	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Bus route improvements	WBC LSTF		2014		N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
28	Bus shelter replacemen t	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Bus route improvements	WBC LSTF		2014	14% increase in bus patronage along A329 corridor	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
29	Station Travel plans	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Promote use of rail and inland waterways	WBC LSTF			On average 4% increase in passenger numbers	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
30	Micro Park and Rides	Alternatives to private vehicle use	Bus based Park & Ride	WBC LSFT	WBC	ТВА	2014	n/a	Scheme not progressed	2014	Removed
31	Winnersh Park and Ride	Alternatives to private vehicle use	Bus based Park & Ride	WBC	Complete	2014	Data not yet available	Yes – unknown	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
32	Mereoak Park and Ride	Alternatives to private vehicle use	Bus based Park & Ride	WBC	Complete	2014	Data not yet available	Yes – unknown	Opened October 2015	2014	Completed 2015/16
33	Website developme nt	Public Information	Via the internet	WBC		2014	18,000 visits up to end of 2014	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
34	Coms & PR	Public Information	Via the internet	WBC		2014	0ver 100,000 views on youtube for My Journey promotional videos	N/A	Implementation	2014	Completed 2015/16
35	Electric vehicle charging points	Promoting Low Emission Transport	Procuring alternative Refuelling infrastructure to promote Low Emission Vehicles, EV recharging, Gas fuel recharging	WBC		2014	Data not available	Yes - unknown	All installed	2014	Completed 2015/16

36	Thames Valley Park and Ride	Alternatives to private vehicle use	Bus based Park & Ride	WBC	Ongoing	2016	TBA	N/A	Planning permission granted	Works commence 2018	
37	East Reading Mass rapid transit - bridge	Traffic Manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, Re-prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	Ongoing	2016	ТВА	Yes - unknown	Planning Stage, planning permission being sought in August 2017	TBC	Planning permission granted.
38	North Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, Re-prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	North Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, Re- prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	North Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Management	Strategic highway improvements, Re- prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	North Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Management
39	South Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, Re-prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	South Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, Re- prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	South Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Management	Strategic highway improvements, Re- prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	South Wokingham Distributor road	Traffic Management
40	Shinfield Eastern Relief Road	Traffic Manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, Re-prioritising road space away from cars, including Access management, Selective vehicle priority, bus	WBC		Complete Open Summer 2016	ТВА	N/A	Near completion	2017	Fully open by end of 2017

			priority, high vehicle occupancy lane								
41	My Journey Wokingham project	Promoting Travel Alternatives	Intensive active travel campaign & infrastructure			2016 onwards	Delivery of a Borough Wide Travel Plan		Implementation	2036	
42	A329 cycleway Phase 4 & 5 (NCN422)	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC		2017	10% increase in cycling activity compare d to 2013 base year	N/A	Implementation	2019	
43	Introduction of low emission bus fleet	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Promoting low emission transport	RBC/Reading Buses		2016 onwards	All fleet to be low emmsion 2025		Implementation	2025	
44	Bikeability Training	Promotion of travel alternatives	Promotion of cycling	WBC		Yearly	70% of all 10 - 11 year olds trained		Implementation	Ongoing	
45	Bader Way Cycleway Phase 1	Transport Planning and Infrastructu re	Cycle network	WBC		2017/18	Base year monitoring to be completed		Implementation	2018	
46	Civil parking enforcemen t	Traffic manageme nt	Workplace Parking Levy, Parking Enforcement on highway	WBC		2017	ТВА		Implementation	ongoing	Enforcement commenced Oct 2017
AQAP Twyford 1	Investigate the feasibility of alternative traffic routes around Twyford	Transport planning and infrastructur e	Other	WBC	2017-2019	Post 2026	Feasibility study carried out	12.1 µg/m3	Local Plan update is ongoing. This will make recommendations regarding development and supporting infrastructure needs.	Local Plan Update process will conclude in 2020/21	Aim for some through traffic avoided from going through AQMA
AQAP Twyford 2	Twyford railway station 1.Consider access for vehicles, buses,	Transport planning and infrastructur e	Public transport improvements- interchanges stations and services	WBC GWR Twyford PC	2017-2019 onwards	2019 onwards	Changes incorporated	12.1 µg/m3	Preliminary studies have been undertaken by GWR &WBC to understand costs and option available for development	Long term project	To work with all partners to further promote and encourage sustainable transport to and from stations, this includes soft measures as well as infrastructure delivery.

	taxis, cyclists and pedestrians 2. Consider integration of public transport links 3. Consider car parking and cycling provisions										Additionally to work with the Local Plans Team to provide wider solutions that will allow alternative routes around Twyford Crossroads. Western Rail Access to Heathrow coming also.
AQAP Twyford 3	Review cycle paths	Transport planning and infrastruct ure	Cycle network	WBC	2016/17/1 8	2018 onwards	Increase in usage	12.1 µg/m³	On-going project	On-going project	Cycleway delivery is part of the yearly capital programme
AQAP Twyford 4	Investigat e options of A4 and A3032 junction at Hare Hatch	Traffic manage me nt	Strategic highway improvements	WBC	2018/19	2018/19	Investigation carried out	12.1 µg/m³	No progress to date. Budget needs to be agreed and allocated.	2018/19	Traffic more likely to travel east of village so avoiding AQMA
AQAP Twyford 5	Continue to monitor traffic lights and crossings to maximum efficiency and consider their functionality including left turns and peak hour use	Traffic manage me nt	Strategic highway improvements	WBC	tbc	tbc	Review of phases with traffic flow data and real time air quality data	12.1 µg/m ³	No progress to date. Budget needs to be agreed and allocated.	tbc	Determine effect on air quality with different phases. Linked with traffic monitoring to be set up and new continuous monitoring site.
AQAP Twyford 6	Carry out a feasibility study for a Low Emission Zone for the crossroads	Promoting low emission transport	Low Emission Zone (LEZ) or Clean Air Zone (CAZ)	WBC	tbc	tbc	Feasibility study carried out	12.1 µg/m ³	No progress to date	tbc	Business case for a LEZ needs developing. Consider implications of the transfer of Criminal Parking Enforcement powers to Local Highway Authority.

AQAP Twyford 7	Review bus fleet and consider alternative fuels.	Vehicle fleet efficienc y	Promoting Low Emission Public Transport	Bus companies as contracted by WBC	2016/17	2017/18	Increase in number of buses run on alternative fuels	3 12.1 µg/m	2017 -RTL run hybrid buses, CNG all low emission	Ongoing with other operators	Reducing emissions within AQMA
AQAP Twyford 8	Install "Cut Pollution, Turn off your engine" signs when queuing at traffic lights.	Public information	Other	WBC	tbc	tbc	Drivers do follow the advice	3 12.1 µg/m	No progress to date, programme of signing needs to be included in the highways capital programme.	tbc	This is a quick win that could be delivered quickly depending on the nature of the signs.
AQAP Twyford 9	Consider feasibility of Park and Ride strategy for Twyford	Alternati ve s to private vehicle use	Bus based park & ride	WBC	2017- 2019	Linked to development	Feasibility study carried out	12.1 µg/m ³	No progress to date, Budget needs to be agreed and allocated	tbc	A study needs to be undertaken, including the business case
AQAP Twyford 10	School Travel Plans (Mode Shift Stars)	Promoting travel alternatives	School travel plans	WBC	2016	2017 and ongoing	Continue to be developed and reviewed	12.1 µg/m ³	On going	Open ended	Reduction in cars travelling through AQMA
AQAP Wok TC 1	Intelligent traffic signals at Shute End	Traffic manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements	WBC	tbc	tbc	Installation of MOVA	15.5 µg/m3	No progress to date, Budget needs to be agreed and allocated	tbc	Intelligent signs are more costly than regularly signing and budget will have to be allocated
AQAQ Wok TC 2	Consider speed reduction through town centre	Traffic manageme nt	Reduction in speed limits, 20 mph zones	WBC Highways TVP	tbc	tbc	tbc	15.5 μg/m3	No progress to date	tbc	Requires a TRO supported by TVP. Consider design speed as well as speed limit.
AQAP WOK TC 3	Review traffic routes in the town centre, and consider if any roads require restricted access	Traffic manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, reprioritising road space away from cars, inc Access management, selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	ongoing	ongoing	Review carried out	15.5 µg/m3	No progress to date Business case needs to be developed	tbc	This action requires a major remodelling of the highway. Scenarios will have to be modelled to make sure that the problem is not simply transferred to another part of the network.

AQAP Wok TC 4	North Wokingham distributor road	Traffic manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, reprioritising road space away from cars, inc Access management, selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	completed	2017 onwards	Completion	15.5 µg/m3	Under construction	2020/21	Includes bus stops and cycle ways
AQAP Wok TC 5	South Wokingham distributor road	Traffic manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, reprioritising road space away from cars, inc Access management, selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	commenced	ongoing	Completion	15.5 µg/m3	Commenced At Montague Park	2020/21	Includes bus stops and cycle ways
AQAP Wok TC 6	Reconfigura tion of Shute End/Broad Street/ Rectory Road junction	Traffic manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, reprioritising road space away from cars, inc Access management, selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	tbc	tbc	Reduction in NO2	15.5 µg/m3	No progress to date Business case needs to be developed	tbc	Land availability at Shute End is limited to provide any new solution
AQAP Wok TC 7	Consider outcome of Feasibility study of improveme nts to Rectory Road/ Wiltshire Road	Traffic manageme nt	Strategic highway improvements, reprioritising road space away from cars, inc Access management, selective vehicle priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	tbc	tbc	Feasibility study carried out	15.5 µg/m3	No progress to date Business case needs to be developed	tbc	Historically there have been a number of studies into this issue and land availability has always been a limiting factor

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AQAP Wok TC 8	Active manageme nt of car parking	Traffic manageme nt	other	WBC	completed	October 2017	Implementation	15.5 µg/m3	Introduction of civil parking enforcement	2018	This will actively manage car parking in the town centre and across the borough
AQAP Wok TC 9	Alternative arrangemen t for access to car parks	Traffic manageme nt	other	WBC	2017/18	tbc	Implementation	15.5 μg/m3	This is part of the town centre regeneration process.	tbc	Parking Strategy e.g. Easthampstead Road car park
AQAP Wok TC 10	Workplace and school travel planning	Promoting travel alternatives	Workplace travel planning and school travel plans	WBC	commenced	ongoing	Continue to implement. Number of plans	15.5 μg/m3	Long standing programme of schools travel plans	My Journey Wokingham is an on-going project	Model shift Stars programme
AQAP Wok TC 11	Residential travel planning	Promoting travel alternatives	Personalised travel planning	WBC	commenced	ongoing	Continue to implement. Number of plans	15.5 µg/m3	Programme started 2017/18	My Journey Wokingham is an on-going project	Personalised travel planning Promoting the benefits of sustainable travel
AQAP Wok TC 12	Carry out feasibility study for a Low Emission Zone	Promoting low emission transport	Low emission zone or Clean Air Zone	WBC	tbc	tbc	Feasibility study carried out	15.5 µg/m3	No progress to date Business case needs to be developed	tbc	This action also requires transport modelling to understand likely impacts
AQAP Wok TC13	Park and Ride for Wokingham Town centre	Alternatives to private vehicle use	Bus based park and ride	WBC	2016/17/18	2019/20	Installation and number of journeys	15.5 μg/m3	Outline plans being developed	Dec 2019	Using RTL's existing hybrid buses (Lion 4)
AQAP generic 1	Review locations and publication of EV charging points, and increase provision	Promoting low emission transport	Procuring alternative refuelling infrastructure to promote low emission vehicles, EV recharging, gas fuel recharging	WBC	tbc	tbc	Number of charging points	15.5 μg/m³	No progress to date Business case needs to be developed	tbc	Preparing for the future with increase in update of EV use. Decrease in car emissions. Mitigation at planning stage within new local plan.
AQAP generic 2	Conside r implem entation of parking charge related to vehicle	Promoting low emission transport	Priority parking for LEV's	WBC	tbc	tbc	Policy agreed and implemented	15.5 µg/m³	No progress to date	tbc	Encouraging residents and commuters to consider EV vehicle

	type e.g. Free for electric vehicles										
AQAP generic 3	Low emission vehicles – consider implemen tation in Council contracs, fleet cars etc EV pool cars for WBC staff	Promoting low emission transport	Company vehicle procurement – prioritising uptake of low emission vehicles	WBC	16/17	16/17	Vehicle usage	15.5 µg/m ³	WBC EH and TP/WSP have zero emission hybrid company vehicles	tbc	Requirements to have low and zero emission vehicles and plant need to be included in any new WBC lets contracts
AQAP generic 4	Consider removal of on street parking, to provide more space for cycle lanes, EVs, car clubs, provision of on street charging points	Traffic manage ment	Strategic highway improvements, reprioritising road space away from cars, inc Access management, selective vehicle priority, bus priority, bus priority, bus priority, bus priority, high vehicle occupancy lane	WBC	tbc	tbc	tbc	15.5 μg/m ³	No progress to date	tbc	This action would be considered politically and economically sensitive
AQAP generic 5	No idling signs - for buses and taxis in waiting areas and at level crossings.	Traffic manage ment	Anti-idling enforcement	WBC	tbc	tbc	tbc	15.5 µg/m ³	No progress to date	tbc	This action would need enforcement and cooperation of TVP
AQAP generic 6	Roadside emission testing , detecting and fining polluting vehicles	Traffic manage ment	Testing vehicle emissions	WBC TVP	tbc	tbc	Number of vehicles failed	15.5 μg/m³	No progress	tbc	Link with work by Trading Standards re overloaded vehicles Will require implementation of legislation

AQAP generic 7	Improve ment s of cycle routes to ensure continuo us and integrate d	Transport planning and infrastruct ure	Cycle network	WBC	17/18	2018/19	Length of cycle ways provided	15.5 µg/m³	On going	On going	Capital funding for improvements and updating cycle network borough wide
AQAP generic 8	Residential Travel Planning	Promoting travel alternatives	Personalised travel planning	WBC	2016/17	commenced	Number of plans	15.5 μg/m³	Programme started 2017/18	Open ended	Personalised travel planning Promoting the benefits of sustainable transport through My Journey project. Linked to future development.
AQAP generic 9	Encourag e WBC staff to travel more sustain ably	Promoting travel alternatives	Workplace travel planning	WBC	2017	ongoing	Increase in commuting by alternative means	15.5 μg/m³	WBC offices have adopted a travel plan	On going	WBC offices have adopted a travel plan that is supported by My Journey Wokingham project
AQAP generic 10	Secure and sheltered bike parking provisions	Promoting travel alternatives	Promotion of cycling	WBC	ongoing	ongoing	Provided	15.5 μg/m³	On going	On going	Business and residential travel plans often have bike shelters provided as part of planning permission
AQAP generic 11	Partnershi p with Sustrans	Promoting travel alternatives	Promotion of cycling	WBC	2016	ongoing	No of events	15.5 μg/m³	Officer started in 2016 as part of My Journey Wokingham project	2020/21	Active Travel Officer promotes all forms of sustainable transport doing public demonstrations and events
AQAP generic 12	Promotin g active travel via My Journey website	Promoting travel alternatives	Intensive active travel campaign and infrastructure	WBC	2017	ongoing	Projects implemented	15.5 µg/m³	Variety of projects implemented	ong oing	ongoing
AQAP generic 13	Thames Valley Park Park and Ride	Alternati ve s to private vehicle use	Bus based park and ride	WBC/RBC	2016/17	2017 - 2019	Opening of scheme	15.5 μg/m³	Planning permission granted 2017	2019	Delivered in partnership with RBC and funded through the Local Growth Fund

AQAP generic14	Provision of Car Clubs with or without EVs	Alternati ve s to private vehicle use	Car clubs	WBC	2015 feasibility study	2017 onwards	Usage of vehicles	15.5 μg/m ³	One car club operational at Montague Park	On going	Developers required to deliver car clubs as part of their commitments to residential travel plans
AQAP generic 15	Awareness campaign for the risks of poor air quality and promoting active and sustainable travel	Public information	other	WBC PH	2017/18	tbc	Increased awareness	15.5 μg/m ³	No progress	tbc	Use apps or technology to show people how to avoid exposure to pollution
AQAP generic 16	Air quality included in to JSNA and Health and Wellbeing Strategy	Policy guidance and Developm ent control	Other policy	WBC PH Berkshire	2016/17	2017/18	Inclusion in JSNA reviews and Health and Wellbeing Strategy	15.5 μg/m ³	Meetings with Director of Public Health and Berkshire Shared Team held	2017/18	Link with Director of PH for Berkshire
AQAP generic 17	New Local Plan and LTP4 – Sustaina ble Transport , include EV charging points for new developm ents	Policy guidance and Developm ent control	Other	WBC	твс	Plan period will cover 2019-2036	Implementatio n	15.5 μg/m ³	No progress to date	tbc	PH team must make the correct representation to support the Planning Policy team through the EIP process, proving it is not an unnecessary burden on developers.
AQAP generic 18	Linking with Highway Asset Manageme nt Plans	Policy Guidance and Developm ent Control	Other	WBC	tbc	tbc	tbc	15.5 μg/m ³	No progress	tbc	
AQAP generic 19	Neighbour- hood Developme nt Plans to consider air quality	Policy Guidance and Developm ent Control	Other	WBC with town and parish councils	TBC	TBC	Inclusion in Plans	15.5 μg/m³	No progress	tbc	Inform Parish and Town Councils

AQAP generic 20	Freight Manageme nt Plan	Freight and delivery manageme nt	Delivery and service plans	WBC	2019/20	2019/20	Review and implementation	15.5 μg/m³	No progress to date Business case needs to be developed		Consider freight access to town centre, including destination and delivery times Link with Freight Route Network
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2.3 PM_{2.5} – Local Authority Approach to Reducing Emissions and/or Concentrations

As detailed in Policy Guidance LAQM.PG16 (Chapter 7), local authorities are expected to work towards reducing emissions and/or concentrations of PM_{2.5} (particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 2.5µm or less). There is clear evidence that PM_{2.5} has a significant impact on human health, including premature mortality, allergic reactions, and cardiovascular diseases.

Wokingham Borough is continuing to take the following measures to address PM2.5:

1. The Health and Wellbeing Strategy (2014-2017) and the Public Health Work Plan both include several actions to increase walking and cycling in order to encourage and increase active travel and reduce obesity and inactivity in the borough. This will lead to a decrease in shorter car trips thus also reducing vehicle pollutants including PM2.5.

2. As part of the Heatwave Plan for England and the heat-health watch system Public Health will send messages to at-risk groups to provide advance warnings for hot weather and severe heatwaves along with the associated harm to health (including poorer air quality) and relevant public health protection plans.

3. Development of a joint action plan between Public Health and Environmental

Health for air quality will consider in detail how Wokingham Borough will consider the impact on PM2.5 throughout the district and its reduction. It is likely that a marketing plan will be set up to raise awareness of how air quality can be improved such as active travel and the uptake of electric vehicles.

4. Work in implementing the actions in the Local Transport Plan and the Local

Development Framework Core Strategy. For example, a new housing development might contribute to alterations to nearby junctions to increase capacity whilst also improving cycle and pedestrian links, provision of electric vehicle charging infrastructure, contributing to bus services so that the site is served by public transport and linking many other measures together in a site travel plan to encourage people to choose sustainable travel.

3 Air Quality Monitoring Data and Comparison with Air Quality Objectives and National Compliance

3.1 Summary of Monitoring Undertaken

3.1.1 Automatic Monitoring Sites

This section sets out what monitoring has taken place and how it compares with objectives.

Wokingham Borough undertook automatic (continuous) monitoring at 1 site during 2017. Table A.1 in Appendix A shows the details of the site. NB. Local authorities do not have to report annually on the following pollutants: 1,3 butadiene, benzene, carbon monoxide and lead, unless local circumstances indicate there is a problem. National monitoring results are available at https://uk-air.defra.gov.uk/data/

Maps showing the location of the monitoring sites are provided in Appendix D. Further details on how the monitors are calibrated and how the data has been adjusted are included in Appendix C.

3.1.2 Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

Wokingham Borough undertook non- automatic (passive) monitoring of NO₂ at 42 sites during 2017. One of the sites was a co-location study for the whole year at the automatic monitoring unit in Peach Street within the Wokingham Town Centre AQMA. A triplicate monitoring site was within the Twyford Crossroads AQMA. Table A.2 in Appendix A shows the details of the sites.

Maps showing the location of the monitoring sites are provided in Appendix D. Further details on Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) for the diffusion tubes, including bias adjustments and any other adjustments applied (e.g. "annualisation" and/or distance correction), are included in Appendix C.

3.2 Individual Pollutants

The air quality monitoring results presented in this section are, where relevant, adjusted for bias, "annualisation" and distance correction. Further details on adjustments are provided in Appendix C.

3.2.1 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

Table A.3 in Appendix A compares the ratified and adjusted monitored NO₂ annual mean concentrations for the past 5 years with the air quality objective of 40µg/m³.

For diffusion tubes, the full 2017 dataset of monthly mean values is provided in Appendix B.

Table A.4 in Appendix A compares the ratified continuous monitored NO₂ hourly mean concentrations for the past 5 years with the air quality objective of $200\mu g/m^3$, not to be exceeded more than 18 times per year.

Wokingham – Peach Street continuous monitoring

The annual mean NO₂ concentration of 38.1 μ g/m³ was recorded by the Wokingham automatic monitoring unit in 2017. This shows that within the Wokingham Town Centre AQMA, NO₂ levels were not exceeding the objective limit. This is a decrease on the 2016 annualised result of 41.3 μ g/m³. Data capture was a good rate of 96.5%.

The hourly results have been compared to other nearby sites. Annual patterns in the data are generally consistent with nearby sites of Newbury, Reading New Town, Oxford St. Ebbes and Horely. However, there is a period of elevated concentrations from the 21/09/17 to 04/10/17 which does not correspond to other background sites, nor do the dates relate to any specific event.

Data is consistent with diffusion tube results, although tubes have generally been over-reading from January to July of the year, and under reading since September.

Figures 1 and 2 below show the quarterly and annual trends.



Figure 1 Wokingham quarterly mean NO₂ concentrations

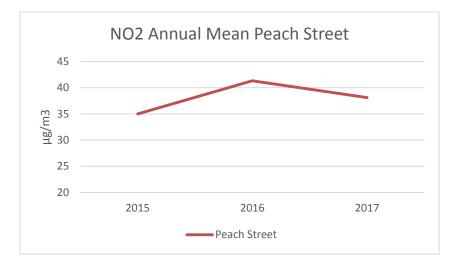


Figure 2 Wokingham NO₂ annual mean trends

There were 15 exceedances of the 200 μ g/m³ hourly mean objective recorded and are detailed in Figure 3 below. These dates/times do relate to a specific/significant event in Wokingham such as a roadworks Denmark Street Wokingham re-opened for traffic on 25/09/17. The exceedance 27/01/17 was observed just after during a period of cold weather. All of the exceedances occurred on weekdays. 13 of the 15 exceedences occurred during the morning or evening rush hour periods of weekdays. The hourly levels ranged from 0.9 to 435.2 μ g/m³ and monthly levels ranged from 30 to 50 μ g/m³. The exceedance on 05/01/17 was also seen at sites in Newbury and Bracknell.

This number of exceedances is an increase from 10 in 2016 but does equate to an exceedance of the objective.

Excedance number	Day	Date	Time	Level µg/m³
1	Thursday	05/01/17	11:00-12:00	357
2	Thursday	05/01/17	12:00-13:00	263
3	Thursday	05/01/17	18:00-19:00	232
4	Thursday	05/01/17	19:00-20:00	353
5	Thursday	05/01/17	20:00-21:00	435
6	Friday	06/01/17	10:00-11:00	281
7	Friday	27/01/17	08:00-09:00	255
8	Monday	06/02/17	08:00-09:00	206
9	Monday	06/02/17	09:00-10:00	207
10	Monday	27/02/17	18:00-19:00	249
11	Tuesday	28/02/17	07:00-08:00	249
12	Tuesday	28/02/17	08:00-09:00	260
13	Monday	06/03/17	07:00-08:00	207
14	Monday	25/09/17	09:00-10:00	205
15	Monday	25/09/17	16:00-17:00	260

Figure 3 1 hour NO₂ exceedances in 2017

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Diffusion Tube Data

The annual mean objective of 40 μ g/m³ was exceeded at 5 of the monitoring sites,3 of which were recorded within Wokingham Town Centre AQMA, and 1 within the Twyford Crossroads AQMA and 1 outside. All mean concentrations were less that 60 μ g/m³ which therefore does not indicate any exceedance of the 1-hour objective.

The overall trend was that at 28 sites the 2017 result was a reduced level compared to 2016. 15 sites increased in concentration compared to 2016. 2 sites remained the same.

M4 AQMA

There were no exceedances within the AQMA and also no sites increased in levels. Figure 4 below show the trends.

WOK 841 has shown a year on year decrease since 2013. Significant changes to the road layout has taken place in this location in the last 18 months with the opening of the new motorway bridge and the Shinfield Eastern Relief Road, the latter on 31/10/17. This has seen the movement of traffic on the A327 away from this monitoring location further east to the other side of Shinfield. Roadworks within the Borough on the M4 with a speed limit of 50mph have been in place during much of 2017 which may also account for the reduction in levels. Should the levels continue to decrease the AQMA could be considered for future revocation. This will be considered in 2018, following a full year of effect of the road layout changes.

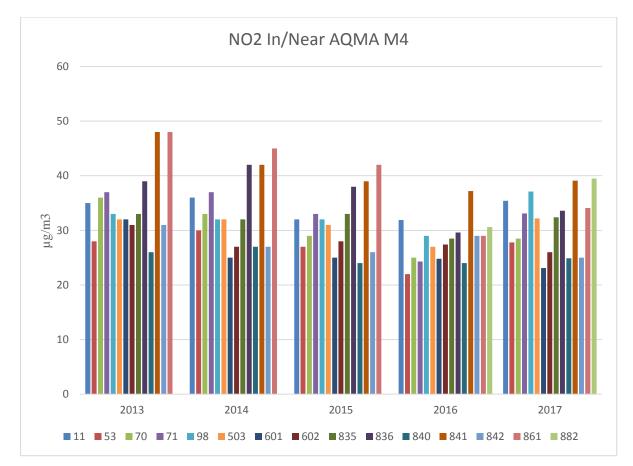


Figure 4 Trends in/close to M4 AQMA

Monitoring within and outside this AQMA will continue in 2018. Additional monitoring by Highways England is also due to commence during 2018 with the commencement of the Smart Motorway Project.

Wokingham Town Centre AQMA

Within this AQMA 3 sites exceeded the annual mean objective in 2017. These were the same 3 sites which exceeded in 2016 and were:

• WOK838 Giggling Spring Shute End – this was decrease on 2016 concentration to 44.0 μ g/m³, and the site has exceeded for the last 5 years

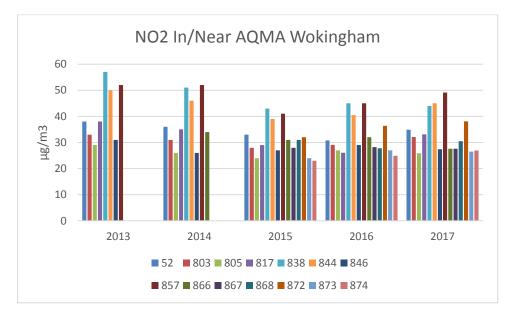
• WOK844 Buckingham Court – this was an increase in concentration on 2016 level to $45.0 \ \mu g/m^3$, and the site has exceeded for the last 4 of 5 years.

• WOK857 1 Rectory Road – this was an increase in concentration on 2015 level to 49.1 μ g/m³, and the site has exceeded for the last 5 years since monitoring commenced.

The sites all represent relevant exposure.

5 sites in the AQMA increased in 2017, which were WOK 98, 844, 857, 872 and 879/880/881. Figure 5 below shows the trends.

Figure 5 Trends in/close to Wokingham AQMA



2017 has seen much work being carried out to Wokingham town centre within the AQMA with the regeneration project of Peach Street, Rose Street and Market Place. Peach Street was been reduced to one lane from 27/02/17 to 12/06/17, which may be the cause for the increased levels at Buckingham Court due to increase traffic

queuing. A329 westbound traffic has been diverted from Broad Street along Denmark Street Langborough Road has been closed to one way traffic. The traffic light phasing at the railway station was altered to allow greater priority from Wellington Road through to Station Approach. In addition a new Carnival multi-storey car park opened on 15/06/17. Into 2018 works will continue and additional phases of the regeneration commence at Elms Field.

Monitoring within and outside this AQMA will continue in 2018.

Twyford Crossroads AQMA

Within this AQMA 1 site exceeded the annual mean objective in 2017. This site also exceeded in 2016 and was:

• WOK850 19 High Street – this was an increase in concentration from 2016 to $44.9 \ \mu g/m^3$ and this site has exceeded for last 5 years.

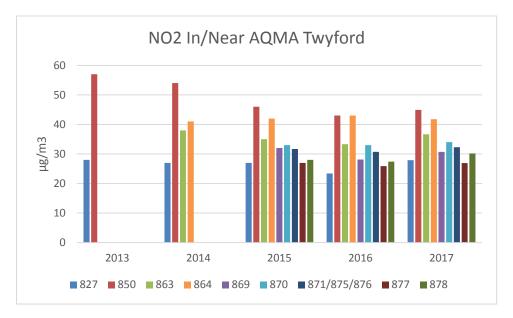
This site is representative of relevant exposure.

From 27/2/17 for 7 weeks there were road closures in the London Road / Springfield Park area, which is just north of the AQMA.

WOK864 1 Waltham Road Tywford was the 1 site which exceeded the annual mean level with a result of 41.8 μ g/m³. This site has decreased year on year since 2015. This site is not within the Twyford Crossroads AQMA but is only 22m to the south east. The Updated Detailed Assessment: Wokingham and Twyford (February 2017) concluded that in Twyford, the contour plot of the annual mean NO₂ concentration of 40 μ g/m³ shows that the area of exceedance of the annual mean objective remains similar to the declared Twyford Crossroads AQMA, except for an extension of the area south along Waltham Road. However, the extended area of exceedance does not include any additional locations of relevant exposure and therefore no alteration to the declared AQMA is required. In light of this result for 2017 monitoring will continue in 2018 and a decision then be made if the AQMA requires extending in this location.

Monitoring within and outside this AQMA will continue in 2018 including a continuous monitoring unit being set up within the AQMA to monitor NO2. Figure 6 below shows the trends.

Figure 6 Trends in/close to Twyford AQMA



Outside of the AQMAs

Following distance correction the sites all decreased from 2016 levels. Figure 7 below shows the trends.

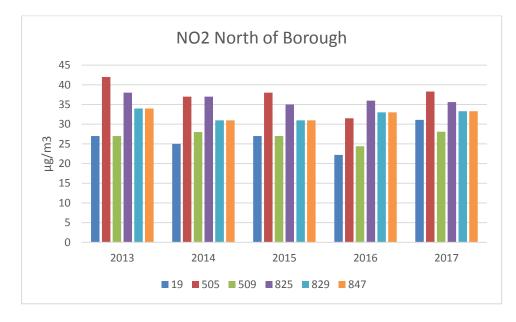


Figure 7 Trends at sites north of Borough

13 sites ceased on 31/12/16, these were:WOK 57, 605, 802, 804, 824, 831,845, 853, 854, 855, 860, 862, and 883.

No new sites were set up in 2017.

1 site ceased on 31/12/17 WOK 847 Wellness Clinic High Street Wargrave.

3.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)

No particulate matter (PM10) monitoring is undertaken.

3.2.3 Particulate Matter (PM_{2.5})

No particulate matter (PM2.5) monitoring is undertaken.

3.2.4 Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂)

No sulphur dioxide monitoring is undertaken.

Appendix A: Monitoring Results

Table A.1 – Details of Automatic Monitoring Sites

Site ID	Site Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Ref	Y OS Grid Ref	Pollutants Monitored		Monitoring Technique	Distance to Relevant Exposure (m) ⁽¹⁾	Distance to kerb of nearest road (m) ⁽²⁾	Inlet Height (m)
CM2	Peach Street Wokingham	Roadside	481348	168603	NO2	YES	Chemiluminescent	3	1.5	1.5

Notes:

(1) Om if the monitoring site is at a location of exposure (e.g. installed on the façade of a residential property).

(2) N/A if not applicable.

Site ID	Site Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Ref	Y OS Grid Ref	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA?	Distance to Relevant Exposure (m) ⁽¹⁾	Distance to kerb of nearest road (m) ⁽²⁾	Tube collocated with a Continuous Analyser?	Height (m)
WOK11	Robin Hood Lane Winnersh	Roadside	478133	170598	NO2	NO	4	2.4	NO	2.3
WOK19	Thames Street (by bridge) Sonning	Roadside	475583	175704	NO2	NO	22	2	NO	2.25
WOK52	Westende Flats London Road Wokingham	Urban Centre	481521	168750	NO2	NO	3	1.9	NO	2.35
WOK53	Dunt Lane Hurst	Roadside	479770	171088	NO2	YES	28	1.2	NO	2
WOK70	Longdon Road Winnersh	Roadside	478011	170135	NO2	YES	25	1.7	NO	2.35
WOK71	38 King Street Lane Winnersh	Roadside	477907	170191	NO2	NO	20	3.1	NO	2.4
WOK98	309 Reading Road Winnersh	Roadside	478611	170225	NO2	YES	0	11.8	NO	1.65
WOK503	25 Rainworth Close Lower Earley	Suburban	474251	169683	NO2	NO	3	0.5	NO	2.1
WOK505	23 Church Road Earley	Roadside	474444	172062	NO2	NO	10	1.8	NO	2.15
WOK509	Henley Bridge Remenham	Roadside	476414	182648	NO2	NO	7	4.7	NO	2.3

Table A.2 – Details of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

WOK601	Sadlers Lane Winnersh	Roadside	478815	170068	NO2	NO	15	1.5	NO	1.9
WOK602	2 Green Lane Winnersh	Roadside	478739	170107	NO2	YES	3	1.7	NO	1.65
WOK803	3 Wellington Road Wokingham	Roadside	480651	168544	NO2	NO	3	1.1	NO	2.3
WOK805	18 Barkham Road Wokingham	Roadside	480547	168543	NO2	NO	0	5.7	NO	1.9
WOK817	298 London Road Wokingham	Roadside	483227	168801	NO2	NO	11.5	2.1	NO	2.2
WOK825	High Street south Wargrave	Roadside	478541	178634	NO2	NO	0	2.2	NO	2.1
WOK827	The Old Station House Station Road Twyford	Kerbside	479047	175831	NO2	NO	3	1	NO	2.3
WOK829	Long Acre Thames Street Sonning	Roadside	475806	175577	NO2	NO	0	1.7	NO	2.3
WOK835	14 Robinhood Lane Winnersh	Roadside	478192	170672	NO2	NO	8	1.5	NO	2.2
WOK836	343 Old Whitley Wood Lane Shinfield	Roadside	472321	168688	NO2	YES	7.5	1.2	NO	2.3
WOK838	Giggling Spring Shute End	Roadside	480979	168979	NO2	YES	0	2.8	NO	2.3

	Wokingham									
WOK840	30 Finbeck Way Lower Earley	Suburban	473128	168776	NO2	NO	0	18.4	NO	1.7
WOK841	2 Lane End Villas Shinfield	Roadside	473128	168776	NO2	YES	4.5	3.2	NO	2.4
WOK842	Foxglade, Brookers Hill Shinfield	Other	472739	168658	NO2	YES	0	35.5	NO	1.6
WOK844	Buckingham Court Wokingham	Roadside	481492	168775	NO2	YES	1.32	1.21	NO	2.4
WOK846	4 Hatch Farm Cottages Sindlesham	Roadside	477135	170020	NO2	YES	0	39	NO	7.75
WOK847	Wellness Clinic High Street Wargrave	Roadside	478537	178606	NO2	NO	0	1.2	NO	2.25
WOK850	19 High Street Twyford	Roadside	478738	175986	NO2	YES	0.3	1.2	NO	2.35
WOK857	1 Rectory Road Wokingham	Roadside	481044	168733	NO2	YES	0	2	NO	2.4
WOK861	Mill Lane (by bridge) Sindlesham	Roadside	476981	170120	NO2	YES	12.6	1	NO	1.8
WOK863	3 Wargrave Road Twyford	Roadside	478768	176012	NO2	YES	1.9	0.9	NO	2.35
WOK864	1 Waltham Road Twyford	Roadside	478891	175942	NO2	NO	0	3.4	NO	2.35
WOK866	58 Denmark Street	Roadside	481033	168300	NO2	NO	0	5	NO	1.8

	Wokingham									
WOK867	21 Denmark Street Wokingham	Roadside	481104	168444	NO2	YES	0.5	1.4	NO	2.5
WOK868	59 London Road Wokingham	Roadside	481639	168796	NO2	YES	3.3	1.4	NO	2.45
WOK869	Muille 26 High Street Twyford	Roadside	478681	175998	NO2	NO	0.5	0.5	NO	2.45
WOK870	Hunt&Nash Church Street Twyford	Roadside	478813	175975	NO2	YES	0	1.9	NO	2.5
WOK871	15 London Road Twyford 1	Roadside	478829	176023	NO2	YES	0.8	1.6	NO	2.45
WOK872	Old Registry Office Reading Road Wokingham	Roadside	480816	168793	NO2	YES	0.3	2.6	NO	2.35
WOK873	27 The Terrace Wokingham	Roadside	480863	168787	NO2	NO	0	0	NO	2.5
WOK874	Corner Broad St & Rose St Wokingham	Roadside	481027	168721	NO2	YES	1.7	1.1	NO	2.35
WOK875	15 London Road Twyford 2	Roadside	478829	176023	NO2	YES	0.8	1.6	NO	2.45
WOK876	15 London Road Twyford 3	Roadside	478829	176023	NO2	YES	0.8	1.6	NO	2.45
WOK877	Almshouses London Road Twyford	Roadside	478903	176060	NO2	NO	1.7	3.2	NO	2.45

WOK878	17 Wargrave Road	Roadside	478719	176099	NO2	NO	4.2	2	NO	2.4
	Twyford									
WOK879	Peach Street Unit 1	Roadside	481348	168603	NO2	YES	3	1.5	YES	1.4
WOK880	Peach Street Unit 2	Roadside	481348	168603	NO2	YES	3	1.5	YES	1.4
WOK881	Peach Street Unit 3	Roadside	481348	168603	NO2	YES	3	1.5	YES	1.4
WOK882	341 Whitley Wood Lane Shinfield	Roadside	472298	168679	NO2	NO	3	1	NO	2.18

Notes:

(1) Om if the monitoring site is at a location of exposure (e.g. installed on/adjacent to the façade of a residential property).

(2) N/A if not applicable.

Table A.3 – Annual Mean NO2 Monitoring Results

	o:	Monitoring	Valid Data Capture for	Valid Data		NO₂ Annual	Mean Concent	tration (µg/m³)	(3)
Site ID	Site Type	Туре	Monitoring Period (%) ⁽¹⁾	Capture 2017 (%) ⁽²⁾	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
CM2 Peach Street Wokingham	Roadside	Automatic	100	96.5	_	_	35	41.3	38.1
WOK11 Direction Grp, Robinhood Lane	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	35	36	32	31.9	35.4
WOK19 Thames St, Sonning	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	27	25	27	22.2	31.1
WOK52 Westende Flats, Peach St	Urban Centre	Diffusion Tube	100	100	38	36	33	30.8	34.9
WOK53 Dunt Lane, Hurst	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	28	30	27	22	27.8
WOK70 Longdon Rd, Winnersh	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	36	33	29	25	28.5
WOK71 38 King St Lane, Winnersh	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	37	37	33	24.3	33.1
WOK98 309 Reading Road	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	33	32	32	29	37.1
WOK503 Rainworth Close, B3270	Suburban	Diffusion Tube	100	100	32	32	31	27	32.2
WOK505 Church Road	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	83.3	42	37	38	31.5	38.3
WOK509 Whitehill,	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	27	28	27	24.4	28.1

Remenham									
WOK601 Sadlers Lane, Wok'ham	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	32	25	25	24.8	23.1
WOK602 Green Lane	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	31	27	28	27.4	26.0
WOK803 3 Wellington Road	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	83.3	33	31	28	29.1	32.1
WOK805 18 Barkham Road	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	29	26	24	27	25.9
WOK817 London Rd (298)	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	66.7	38	35	29	26.1	33.1
WOK825 54 High St (north)	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	75	38	37	35	36	35.6
WOK827 Station Rd, Twyford	Kerbside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	28	27	27	23.4	27.9
WOK829 Long Acre Thames St	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	34	31	31	33	33.3
WOK835 14 Robinhood Lane	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	33	32	33	28.5	32.4
WOK836 343 Old Whitley Wood Ln	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	39	42	38	29.6	33.6
WOK838 Giggling Spring, Shute End	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	57	51	43	45	44.0
WOK840 30 Finbeck Way	Suburban	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	26	27	24	24	24.9
WOK841 Lane End Villas	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	48	42	39	37.2	39.1

WOK842 Foxglade, Brookers Hill	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	31	27	26	29	25.0
WOK844 Buckingham Court	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	50	46	39	40.5	45.0
WOK846 4 Hatch Farm Cottages	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	31	26	27	29	27.4
WOK847 Wellness Clinic, High St	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	34	31	31	33	33.3
WOK850 19 High St, Twyford	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	57	54	46	43	44.9
WOK857 Rectory Rd, Wokingham	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	52	52	41	45	49.1
WOK861 Mill Lane (by bridge)	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	48	45	42	29	34.1
WOK863 3 Wargrave Rd, Twyford	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	-	38	35	33.3	36.7
WOK864 1 Waltham Rd, Twyford	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	41	42	43	41.8
WOK866 58 Denmark Street	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	34	31	32	27.6
WOK867 21 Denmark St, Wok	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	-	-	28	28.2	27.6
WOK868 59 London Road	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	91.7	_	-	31	27.8	30.5
WOK869 Mullie (26)	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	-	-	32	28.1	30.7

High Street									
WOK870 Hunt & Nash Church St	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	33	33	34
WOK871 15 London Rd, Twyford 1	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	32	30.7	32.3
WOK872 Registry Office, Reading Rd	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	-	-	32	36.4	38.1
WOK873 27 The Terrace	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	-	-	24	27	26.5
WOK874 Broad St, Wokingham	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	23	24.9	26.9
WOK875 15 London Rd, Twyford 2	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	31	30.7	31.8
WOK876 15 London Rd, Twyford 3	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	32	30.7	32.7
WÓK 877 Almshouses, London Rd	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	27	25.9	26.9
WOK 878 17 Wargrave Rd Twyford	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	28	27.4	30.2
WOK879 Peach Street Unit 1	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	38	35.5	39.0
WOK880 Peach Street Unit 2	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	_	_	36	35.5	39.7
WOK881 Peach Street Unit 3	Roadside	Diffusion Tube	100	100	-	-	38	35.5	38.9

WOK 882 Sign	Roadside	Diffusion	100	100	_	_	_	30.6	39.5
Whitley Wd Ln		Tube							

 \boxtimes Diffusion tube data has been bias corrected

☑ Annualisation has been conducted where data capture is <75%

Notes:

Exceedances of the NO₂ annual mean objective of $40\mu g/m^3$ are shown in **bold**.

NO2 annual means exceeding 60µg/m³, indicating a potential exceedance of the NO2 1-hour mean objective are shown in bold and underlined.

(1) Data capture for the monitoring period, in cases where monitoring was only carried out for part of the year.

(2) Data capture for the full calendar year (e.g. if monitoring was carried out for 6 months, the maximum data capture for the full calendar year is 50%).

(3) Means for diffusion tubes have been corrected for bias. All means have been "annualised" as per Boxes 7.9 and 7.10 in LAQM.TG16 if valid data capture for the full calendar year is less than 75%. See Appendix C for details.

Table A.4 – 1-Hour Mean NO₂ Monitoring Results

Site ID	Site Type	Monitoring	Valid Data Capture for Monitoring	Valid Data Capture	N	NO ₂ 1-Hour Means > 200µg/m ^{3 (3)}					
	one rype	Туре	Period (%) ⁽¹⁾	2017 (%) ⁽²⁾	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
CM2 Peach Street Wokingham	Roadside	Automatic	100	96.5	_	_	0(127)	10	15		

Notes:

Exceedances of the NO₂ 1-hour mean objective (200µg/m³ not to be exceeded more than 18 times/year) are shown in **bold**.

(1) Data capture for the monitoring period, in cases where monitoring was only carried out for part of the year.

(2) Data capture for the full calendar year (e.g. if monitoring was carried out for 6 months, the maximum data capture for the full calendar year is 50%).

(3) If the period of valid data is less than 85%, the 99.8th percentile of 1-hour means is provided in brackets.

Appendix B: Full Monthly Diffusion Tube Results for 2017

Table B.1 – NO2 Monthly Diffusion Tube Results - 2017

							NO ₂ Me	an Conce	ntrations	(µg/m³)					
														Annual Mea	n
Site ID	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Νον	Dec	Raw Data	Bias Adjusted (0.95) and Annualised (1)	Distance Corrected to Nearest Exposure (²)
WOK11 Direction Grp, Robinhood Lane	60.0	38.2	39.4	36.9	33.8	33.2	32.7	26.8	35.2	36.4	39.8	35.5	37.3	35.4	32.1
WOK19 Thames St, Sonning	52.6	35.6	37.3	29.7	29.8	27.8	28.4	27.7	29.2	31.5	33.4	29.6	32.7	31.1	21.7
WOK52 Westende Flats, Peach St	60.3	38.7	43.0	33.2	34.7	30.1	31.6	29.1	32.0	32.3	43.6	31.4	36.7	34.9	30.3
WOK53 Dunt Lane, Hurst	45.0	33.0	29.2	24.1	29.6	24.2	23.4	26.3	25.7	29.5	31.7	29.5	29.3	27.8	21.4
WOK70 Longdon Rd, Winnersh	46.7	34.0	35.6	26.9	26.3	26.1	23.3	25.3	28.2	29.3	33.5	26.5	30.0	28.5	24.2
WOK71 38 King St Lane, Winnersh	55.4	39.9	41.8	32.3	36.3	33.1	28.6	25.6	32.3	32.9	36.3	23.7	34.8	33.1	25.6
WOK98 309 Reading Road	49.9	36.4	38.4	29.5	28.7	28.3	26.2	27.0	29.3	30.3	-	43.8	33.4	31.7	
WOK503	50.6	35.1	37.3	31.6	28.0	29.2	24.0	28.4	30.8	34.9	42.4	34.3	33.9	32.2	27.3

Rainworth Close, B3270															
WOK505 Church Road	-	40.2	47.3	43.8	39.3	36.1	-	26.5	33.0	41.8	47.2	38.1	40.3	38.3	28.8
WOK509 Whitehill, Remenham	44.2	32.5	31.8	24.7	27.0	28.6	28.2	24.7	27.3	28.4	31.7	26.6	29.6	28.1	23.5
WOK601 Sadlers Lane, Wok'ham	43.7	27.0	28.5	-	27.8	17.5	19.1	17.8	22.6	17.9	27.9	17.3	24.3	23.1	22.3
WOK602 Green Lane	42.1	28.5	30.1	34.7	27.7	20.7	24.0	22.8	26.1	21.2	32.3	19.9	27.4	26.0	25.0
WOK803 3 Wellington Road	50.6	33.6	38.3	34.2	29.9	26.2	28.9	29.7	30.7	35.8	-	-	33.8	32.1	27.0
WOK805 18 Barkham Road	43.2	30.9	29.5	23.6	29.5	24.3	21.5	21.9	24.3	25.7	31.5	21.7	27.3	25.9	
WOK817 London Rd (298)	54.4	-	41.7	33.3	34.3	32.2	27.0	27.6	-	29.7	-	-	35.0	33.1	24.0
WOK825 54 High St (north)	57.5	-	42.1	34.9	36.6	32.9	34.6	29.8	35.5	-	-	33.8	37.5	35.6	
WOK827 Station Rd, Twyford	48.5	-	30.6	25.3	25.5	26.1	24.7	28.1	25.5	28.3	32.3	28.4	29.4	27.9	24.8
WOK829 Long Acre Thames St	50.7	38.3	38.6	35.5	32.4	31.5	31.8	28.8	30.5	31.7	37.5	32.2	35.0	33.3	
WOK835 14 Robinhood Lane	52.5	36.8	38.0	28.7	34.5	30.4	27.6	27.8	31.5	35.0	37.6	29.1	34.1	32.4	28.0
WOK836 343 Old Whitley Wood Ln	55.1	44.7	46.5	28.7	31.1	26.9	29.3	31.1	31.3	33.0	36.1	31.7	35.4	33.6	27.1
WOK838 Giggling Spring, Shute	70.4	40.7	53.8	46.5	44.7	43.5	40.5	39.1	41.4	43.8	51.0	33.6	45.8	44.0	

End															
WOK840 30 Finbeck Way	40.9	30.8	28.8	20.8	25.8	20.9	21.1	19.8	-	25.5	27.1	27.1	26.2	24.9	
WOK841 Lane End Villas	72.8	39.9	-	40.6	35.8	37.9	36.4	35.5	32.6	40.5	45.2	35.8	41.2	39.1	33.4
WOK842 Foxglade, Brookers Hill	39.2	25.2	17.0	32.3	29.7	21.6	21.7	23.0	24.7	23.2	31.0	26.6	26.3	25.0	
WOK844 Buckingham Court	81.9	42.0	46.8	50.5	39.7	44.0	40.9	32.7	41.1	48.4	58.8	42.4	47.4	45.0	
WOK846 4 Hatch Farm Cottages	41.9	31.0	34.1	31.4	28.4	23.4	24.3	22.6	24.0	25.0	30.2	28.6	28.8	27.4	
WOK847 Wellness Clinic, High St	60.8	46.0	40.5	32.4	37.3	32.3	30.4	28.5	33.1	32.7	38.6	31.7	37.0	35.2	
WOK850 19 High St, Twyford	63.7	46.2	55.0	-	46.5	46.4	44.4	42.4	32.1	47.5	56.5	53.8	48.6	46.2	44.9
WOK857 Rectory Rd, Wokingham	74.1	59.3	54.5	44.9	46.2	48.1	35.9	39.9	-	49.1	64.6	52.4	51.7	49.1	
WOK861 Mill Lane (by bridge)	62.9	40.3	41.5	31.5	31.6	34.2	31.0	28.1	29.9	32.2	31.1	-	35.9	34.1	23.6
WOK863 3 Wargrave Rd, Twyford	60.1	36.4	43.5	35.8	33.3	31.9	32.3	34.8	37.2	36.0	39.6	41.9	38.6	36.7	31.9
WOK864 1 Waltham Rd, Twyford	67.2	41.0	44.7	41.1	45.0	39.9	37.1	38.9	41.0	43.7	44.3	43.7	44.0	41.8	
WOK866 58 Denmark Street	42.3	31.0	37.4	37.6	31.1	34.6	34.9	26.8	28.6	33.9	38.0	25.7	29.0	27.6	
WOK867 21 Denmark St,	50.6	33.3	33.3	28.8	26.2	21.4	23.5	14.1	21.0	28.8	38.2	29.1	29.0	27.6	26.7

Wok															
WOK868 59 London Road	50.8	19.8	40.8	34.2	31.9	25.8	25.2	26.0	28.1	31.6	38.6	-	32.1	30.5	26.1
WOK869 Mullie (26) High Street	49.8	28.4	36.6	25.5	29.6	31.4	26.8	28.9	32.1	32.2	37.3	29.3	32.3	30.7	29.2
WOK870 Hunt & Nash Church St	52.9	38.0	38.2	31.8	33.5	37.1	30.1	30.7	30.9	35.5	35.5	35.1	35.8	34.0	
WOK871 15 London Rd, Twyford 1	50.7	36.4	35.3	34.0	32.1	27.9	29.0	32.2	33.2	30.0	37.0	30.2	34.0	32.3	30.7
WOK872 Registry Office, Reading Rd	58.5	37.9	46.0	35.5	41.4	36.0	35.7	32.6	39.5	37.9	45.0	35.2	40.1	38.1	37.4
NOK873 27 The Terrace	44.1	28.7	29.7	29.0	27.4	21.5	22.8	21.7	25.4	27.0	36.8	20.4	27.9	26.5	
WOK874 Broad St, Wokingham	47.1	31.3	33.5	24.5	27.1	21.0	21.4	23.1	28.8	26.6	31.9	23.7	28.3	26.9	24.4
WOK875 15 London Rd, Twyford 2	50.0	34.2	35.4	33.4	30.6	27.3	30.8	30.1	34.9	30.6	37.4	27.5	33.5	31.8	30.7
WOK876 15 London Rd, Twyford 3	50.6	35.6	38.3	32.3	30.2	31.2	28.1	30.3	31.6	32.2	44.0	28.7	34.4	32.7	30.7
NOK 877 Almshouses, London Rd	46.7	34.7	32.9	24.8	25.1	24.3	22.5	22.9	14.7	26.7	33.8	30.1	28.3	26.9	25.6
WOK 878 17 Wargrave Rd Twyford	67.9	33.8	31.9	28.5	30.5	26.5	26.1	25.8	27.1	27.9	29.1	26.1	31.8	30.2	26.2
WOK879 Peach Street Unit 1	60.9	46.8	51.2	36.9	42.8	38.1	36.6	30.1	37.2	36.4	42.1	33.6	41.1	39.0	36.9

WOK880	67.0	45.5	52.5	41.3	42.5	37.6	35.7	34.9	34.8	34.7	43.1	31.8	41.8	39.7	36.9
Peach Street															
Unit 2															
WOK881	69.8	38.6	51.9	40.1	44.4	36.4	34.3	31.7	35.6	35.7	42.6	30.2	40.9	38.9	36.9
Peach Street															
Unit 3															
WOK 882 Sign	55.5	48.5	41.3	39.6	38.2	36.3	36.2	36.5	38.5	40.2	44.3	44.1	41.6	39.5	33.4
Whitley Wd Ln															

☑ Local bias adjustment factor used

□ National bias adjustment factor used

Annualisation has been conducted where data capture is <75%

☑ Where applicable, data has been distance corrected for relevant exposure

Notes:

Exceedances of the NO₂ annual mean objective of $40\mu g/m^3$ are shown in **bold**.

NO₂ annual means exceeding 60µg/m³, indicating a potential exceedance of the NO₂ 1-hour mean objective are shown in **bold and underlined**.

(1) See Appendix C for details on bias adjustment and annualisation.

(2) Distance corrected to nearest relevant public exposure.

Appendix C: Supporting Technical Information / Air Quality Monitoring Data QA/QC

QA/QC of Continuous Monitoring Stations

TRL carry out the QA/QC on behalf of Wokingham Borough Council.

Site operation

Routine instrument calibrations are conducted approximately once per fortnight, which involve zero and span checks, a written record of the gas analyser diagnostics and a general visual inspection of all equipment is undertaken. There is a written operating procedure and a calibration record sheet is completed at every site visit.

Data retrieval and daily data checking

Data from the monitoring station is retrieved and processed on a Campbell CR10x data logger as 15-minute mean data. The logger was interrogated via a Siemens TC35i GSM modem at 8-hourly intervals by the ENVIEW 2000 software hosted at TRL. This was used to retrieve, check and archive data. TRL's internal QA/QC procedures require all data to be backed up on a secure server and all documentation associated with each site to be uniquely identified and securely stored to provide an audit trail. Daily data inspections are undertaken during office hours using the facilities of the Data Management System. Initial observations of the Management System indicate whether the site has been contacted during its nominated 'poll time' overnight. If this has not been successful a manual poll of the site may be required. If this is not successful further investigation of the communications integrity will be required to establish contact with the site modem and data logger. Three day plots of recorded data are viewed for the requested site, and these are inspected and assessed for continuity, validity, minimum and maximum values, date and time, power failures and general integrity. All anomalies are recorded on the Daily Check sheet, as required. Any anomalies or queries arising from daily inspection of data, or system operation, are brought to the attention of the Project Manager who will evaluate the situation, and initialise any necessary action. In the event that the PM is not available, contact will be made with the next available senior person within the monitoring team. Any issues identified with equipment operation will be

referred to the client for attention within 24 hours (excluding weekends). On a weekly basis, data are examined using summary statistics and outlier analysis to establish data validity. In the event that unusual data episodes are recorded, these would be routinely examined over longer data periods to establish their impact on trends, but would also be cross referenced with data peaks and troughs recorded at other national monitoring stations. In addition, integrity and validity of data logger clock times are checked, and any significant errors recorded in the Data Management System logbook. All site data recorded through the Data Management System is archived on TRL's Network. The data is backed up daily, and the TRL IT Department maintains these data within their long-term and secure archives. This secures all data in the event of any system failure.

Data calibration and ratification

Data is ratified as per AURN recommended procedures. The calibration and ratification process for automatic gas analysers corrects the raw dataset for any drift in the zero baseline and the upper range of the instrument. This is done using a Microsoft Excel-based calibration and ratification file which incorporates the zero and span check information from the calibration visits. The zero reading recorded during the calibration visits is used to adjust any offset of the baseline of the data. The difference between the span value obtained between one calibration visit and the next visit is used to calculate a factor. This change is assumed to occur at the same rate over the period between calibrations and as such the factor is used as a linear data scaler. This effectively results in the start of the period having no factor applied and the end of the period being scaled with the full factor with a sliding scale of the factor inbetween. After applying the calibration factors, it is essential to screen the data, by visual examination, to see if they contain any unusual measurements or outliers. Errors in the data may occur as a result of equipment failure, human error, power failures, interference or other disturbances. Data validation and ratification is an important step in the monitoring process. Ratification involves considerable knowledge of pollutant behaviour and dispersion, instrumentation characteristics, field experience and judgement. On completion of this data correction procedure, these data were converted to hourly means and a summary of these data were provided to Wokingham Borough Council at quarterly intervals and a calendar year annual report is prepared.

Independent Site Audits

In addition to these checks an independent site audit is carried out every 12 months to ensure the nitrogen dioxide analyser is operating correctly. The audits that are carried out utilise procedures that are applied within DEFRA's National Automatic Air Monitoring Networks Quality Control Programme. The efficiency of the analyser's convertor is checked and the analyser is also leak tested. The gas bottle used for calibrations on site is also checked against the auditor's gas bottle to ensure the stability of the gas concentration.

The site audit for the Wokingham Town Centre automatic monitoring unit was carried out on 21st June 2017. A major factor governing the analyser's performance is the NO_x analyser's converter and its ability to reduce the nitrogen dioxide to nitric oxide. Our tests show the converters in these analysers to be 101.0% efficient with NO_x concentrations of 247 ppb. The recommended range for instrumentation in the national automatic air monitoring network is in the range of 98% - 102% efficient. This is a good result. To ensure that the analyser is sampling only ambient air the instrument was leak checked. The result was satisfactory, indicating that the analyser sampling systems were free of significant leaks. The analysers exhibited good steady state responses to both zero and span (calibration) gases with acceptable levels of variation (noise). The NOx analyser flow rate was measured using a calibrated flow meter and compared against the analyser's flow rate sensor to evaluate its accuracy. The measured flow rate result was outside the (±10%) recommended limit and it was advised the underlying reason be investigated at the next service. Due to auditor not having access to the NO site cylinder used to calibrate the Wokingham site it was not possible to perform an assessment of the NO cylinder concentration stability. It was noted by the auditor that the sample inlet and tubing were dirty and required cleaning. This should be completed at every ESU service and where they cannot be cleaned to a satisfactory standard then the items should be replaced. This will need to be addressed at the next ESU routine service.

QA/QC of Diffusion Tube Monitoring

The Workplace Analysis Scheme for Proficiency (WASP) is an independent analytical performance testing scheme, operated by the Health and Safety Laboratory (HSL). WASP formed a key part of the former UK NO₂ Network's QA/QC, and remains an important QA/QC exercise for laboratories supplying diffusion tubes to Local Authorities for use in the context of Local Air Quality Management. The laboratory participants analyse four spiked tubes, and report the results to HSL. HSL assign a performance score to each laboratory's result, based on their deviation from the known mass of nitrite in the analyte. The Performance criteria are due to be changed, at present the criteria are based on the z-score method, and equates to the following:

GOOD: Results obtained by the participating laboratory are on average within 13% of the assigned value. This equates to a Rolling Performance Index (RPI) of 169 or

less.

ACCEPTABLE: Results obtained by the participating laboratory are on average

within 13- 26% of the assigned value. This equates to an RPI of 169 - 676.

WARNING: Results obtained by the participating laboratory are on average within 26–39% of the assigned value. This equates to an RPI of 676 - 1521.

FAILURE: Results obtained by the participating laboratory differ by more than 39% of the assigned value. This equates to an RPI of greater than 1521.

However from April 2009, the criteria will be based upon the Rolling Performance

Index (RPI) statistic and will be tightened to the following:

GOOD: Results obtained by the participating laboratory are on average within 7.5% of the assigned value. This equates to an RPI of 56.25 or less.

ACCEPTABLE: Results obtained by the participating laboratory are on average

within 15% of the assigned value. This equates to an RPI of 225 or less.

UNACCEPTABLE: Results obtained by the participating laboratory differ by more

than 15% of the assigned value. This equates to an RPI of greater than 225.

Wokingham Borough Council use Gradko International for the supply and analysis of the nitrogen dioxide diffusion tubes for their nonautomatic monitoring programme. Gradko's performance for AIR PT AR018 (Jan 2017 – Feb 2017) was 100%, AR019 (Apr 2017 – May 2017) was 100%, AR021 (July 2017 – Aug 2017) was 100% and AR022 (Sept 2017 – Oct 2017) was 100%, which relates to the % of results which are satisfactory.

Diffusion Tube Bias Adjustment Factors

Gradko International Ltd of St Martins House 77 Wales Street Winchester Hampshire is the supplier and analyst of the nitrogen dioxide diffusion tubes. The tubes are analysed by U.V. spectrophotometry. The limit of detection is 20% TEA/Water.

Factor from Local Co-location Studies and Discussion of Choice of Factor to Use

The national study of bias adjustment factors spreadsheet (ref. 03/18 update) suggested a bias adjustment factor of **0.89** be applied. A copy of the co-location spreadsheet used is provided below. Using the Wokingham Peach Street co-location study a local bias adjustment factor has been calculated as **0.95**. The national bias adjustment factor has not been used due to the availability of a local bias adjustment factor.

For the purposes of the ASR 2018 for the 2017 data the bias adjustment factor is derived from the Peach Street, Wokingham colocation study.

In determining the bias adjustment factor for the 2017 data the following was taken into consideration:

Cases where the locally obtained bias adjustment factor may be more representative:

- Where the diffusion tube exposure periods are weekly or fortnightly the Wokingham town centre co-location study is monthly.
- If the co-location site is unusual in some way: for example, affected by specific large nitrogen oxides (NOx) sources other than road traffic, such as local industrial installations –the Wokingham town centre co-location study is predominantly influenced by road traffic.
- For tubes exposed in a similar setting to the co-location site the Wokingham town centre co-location study site is a roadside location, as 46 of the 50 diffusion tubes located in Wokingham Borough. Therefore the bias adjustment factor determined from either of these locations may not be deemed appropriate to apply to the Wokingham Borough non-roadside sites.
- Where the duration of the whole diffusion tube study is less than one year, especially if it is less than nine months the Wokingham town centre co-location study and diffusion tube surveys are all for a full calendar year.
- Where the Review and Assessment Helpdesk spreadsheet (national database) contains data from fewer than five other studies using the same laboratory and preparation. The national database contains 18 studies therefore it would be better to use the Wokingham town centre co-location study factor.
- Where the co-location study is spread across more than one calendar year The Wokingham town centre co-location study and diffusion tube surveys are for a full calendar year (2017).
- For co-location sites with "good" precision for the diffusion tubes and with high quality chemiluminescence results It can be seen from the table below that the Wokingham town centre co-location study achieved "good" precision and the Wokingham town centre chemiluminescence results (automatic monitoring) are high quality (see the QA/QC of Automatic Monitoring section above).

Cases where the combined (national) bias adjustment factor may be more representative:

- Where the survey consists of tubes exposed over a range of settings, which differ from the co-location site 92% of our diffusion tube monitoring sites are roadside sites as is the Wokingham town centre co-location study site
- Where the co-location study is for less than nine months, although the diffusion tube monitoring is for a longer period The Wokingham town centre co-location study and diffusion tube surveys are for a full calendar year (2017).
- Where the automatic analyser has been operated using local, rather than national, QA/QC procedures The Wokingham town centre chemiluminescence results (automatic monitoring) are high quality, see the QA/QC of Automatic Monitoring section above.
- Where data capture from the automatic analyser is less than 90%, or there have been problems with data quality Data capture from the Wokingham town centre automatic monitor was 96.5 % in 2017.
- For co-location sites with "poor" precision or laboratories with predominately "poor" precision, as set out on the Review & Assessment Helpdesk website It can be seen from the table below that the Wokingham town centre co-location study

achieved "good" precision and the laboratory precision was "good". See the QA/QC of Diffusion Tube Monitoring section above.

In conclusion it can be seen from the discussion above that the local (Wokingham town centre) bias adjustment factor should be used to adjust the 2017 data.

Precision and Accuracy

Cł	Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes									A Ene	ergy & I	Environm	ient	
			Diff	usion Tu	bes Mea	surements	3					tic Method	Data Quali	tv Check
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy	Tube 1			Triplicate Mean		Coefficient of Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean		Period Mean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Automatic Monitor Data
1	04/01/2017	01/02/2017	60.9	67.0	69.8	66	4.5	7	11.3	5	50.56988	66.41901932	Good	or Data Capture
2	01/02/2017	01/03/2017	46.8	45.5	38.6	44	4.4	10	10.9	4	40.02755	100	Good	Good
3	01/03/2017	29/03/2017	51.2	52.5	51.9	52	0.7	1	1.6	3	34.75511	99.85119048	Good	Good
4	29/03/2017	26/04/2017	36.9	41.3	40.1	39	2.3	6	5.7	3	34.35135	95.53571429	Good	Good
5	26/04/2017	31/05/2017	42.8	42.5	44.4	43	1.0	2	2.5		36	99.88095238	Good	Good
6	31/05/2017	28/06/2017	38.1	37.6	36.4	37	0.9	2	2.1		30	94.04761905	Good	Good
7	28/06/2017	02/08/2017	36.6	35.7	34.3	36	1.2	3	2.9		27	99.88095238	Good	Good
8	02/08/2017	30/08/2017	30.1	34.9	31.7	32	2.4	8	6.0		32	99.71264368	Good	Good
9	30/08/2017	27/09/2017	37.2	34.8	35.6	36	1.2	3	3.0		47	99.69135802	Good	Good
10	27/09/2017	31/10/2017	36.4	34.7	35.7	36	0.8	2	2.1		44	99.87730061	Good	Good
11	31/10/2017	06/12/2017	42.1	43.1	42.6	43	0.5	1	1.2	4	45.62696	100	Good	Good
12	06/12/2017	05/01/2018	33.6	31.8	30.2	32	1.7	5	4.3	3	39.03721	99.72222222	Good	Good
13														
	ecessary to hav					ate the precisi	on of the meas					l survey>	precision	Good Overall DC
Sit	e Name/ ID:	Peach	Street V	Vokingha	am		Precision	12 out of 1	2 periods h	ave a CV	smaller t	han 20%	(Check average	
<u> </u>	Accuracy	(with 9 riods with C		fidence i			Accuracy WITH ALL		95% conf	idence ir	nterval)	50%	Accuracy ca	Iculations)
	Bias calcula		0					lated using 1	1 poriode	of data		۵0 <i>/</i> 0		
		aled using 1		5 01 uata 5 (0.83 - 1				Bias factor A		(0.83 - 1.		sei 2 5%	, 	т
	D	Bias lactor A Bias B	5%	(-11% - :				Bias factor A Bias B	5% (-11% - 2	,	Tube Bi 0%	Without-EV>20%	With al I data
	Diffusion T Mean CV	ubes Mean: (Precision):		µgm ⁻³				Tubes Mean: / (Precision):		µgm ⁻³		ad 0% -25%		
		natic Mean: ture for perio		µgm ⁻³ 99%				matic Mean: pture for perio		µgm ⁻³ 99%		<u> පි</u> -50%		
		ubes Mean:		2 - 44)	µgm ⁻³			Tubes Mean:			ugm ⁻³	\/-··		ga, for AEA
	Version 04 - February 2011													

Annualisation

As required annulaisation of data was carried out for 1 site, WOK 817, referring to procedure in TG(16) (updated Feb 2017) Box 7.9:

Site	Site type	Annual mean 2017 (µg/m ³)	Period mean 2017 (µg/m³)	Ratio (A/P)
Chilbolton Observatory	Background	9.58	10.52	0.91
Lullington Health	Background	10.32	10.54	0.98
Average				0.945
Measured mean concentration x average				33.1

Fall off distance calculation

BURE VERIT			S Air Qualit
		Enter da	ata into the red cells
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		2.4 metre
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		6.4 metre
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		21.6 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		35.4 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in µg/m ³) at your receptor		32.1 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter dat	Air Q consut	
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		2	metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		24	metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		14.98	μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		31.1	μ g /m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		21.7	μg/m ³
W	arning: your receptor is more than 20m further from the kerb than your monitor,	treat resul	t with cautio	on

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Qua consulta ta into the red o	
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.9 m	netres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4.9 m	netres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		13.83 μ	g/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		34.9 μ	g/m³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		30.3 μ	g/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter dat	Air Qu consut	
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.2	metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		29.2	metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		18.25	μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		27.8	μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		21.4	μg/m ³
W	arning: your receptor is more than 20m further from the kerb than your monitor,	treat resul	t with caution	n

B U R E V E R I T		Enter dat	Air Q consu	
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.7	metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		26.7	metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		21.6	μ g /m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		28.5	μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		24.2	μ g /m ³
W	arning: your receptor is more than 20m further from the kerb than your monitor,	treat resul	t with cautio	on

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		3.1 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		23.1 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		18.78 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		33.1 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		25.6 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		0.5 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		3.5 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		17.9 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		32.2 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		27.3 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.8 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		11.8 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		16.19 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		38.3 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		28.8 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		4.7 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		11.7 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		10.9 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		28.1 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		23.5 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.5 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		16.5 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		21.6 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		23.1 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		22.3 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.7 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4.7 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		21.6 µg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		26 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		25.0 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quali	ity ^{, s}
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.1 met	res
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4.1 met	res
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		13.28 μg/n	n ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		32.1 μg/n	n ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		27.0 μg/n	n ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		2.1 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		13.6 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		12.51 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		33.1 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		24.0 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Qu consut	
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1	metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4	metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		16.79	μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		27.9	μ g /m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		24.8	μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.5 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		9.5 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		21.6 µg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		32.4 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		28.0 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.3 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		8.7 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		17.49 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		33.6 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		27.1 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Qua consulta ta into the red c	ality ^{N T S}
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		3.2 m	netres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		7.7 m	netres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		14.39 μι	g/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		39.1 μ	g/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		33.4 μ	g/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.2 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		1.5 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		18.58 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		46.2 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		44.9 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		13.6 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		14.22 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		34.1 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		23.6 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		0.9 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		2.8 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		15.06 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		36.7 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		31.9 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Qua	lity • • s
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.4 me	etres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		1.9 me	etres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		13.83 μg	J/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		27.6 μg	J/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		26.7 μg	J/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Qua consulta	ells
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.4 m	etres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4.7 m	etres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		13.83 μς	g/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		30.5 μς	g/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		26.1 μζ	g/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		0.5 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		1 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		18.58 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		30.7 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		29.2 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		2.6 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		2.9 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		13.77 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		38.1 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		37.4 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1.1 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		2.8 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		13.83 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		26.9 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		24.4 μg/m ³

B U R E V E R I T		Enter dat	Air Quality
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		3.2 metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4.9 metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		15.06 μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		26.9 μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		25.6 μg/m ³

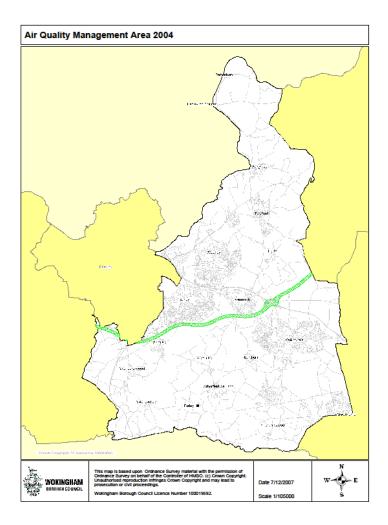
B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Qualit	y
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		2 metre	s
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		6.2 metre	s
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		15.06 μg/m ³	3
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		30.2 μg/m ³	3
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		26.2 μg/m ³	3

B U R E V E R I T		Enter da	Air Q	
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?		1	metres
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?		4	metres
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		17.49	μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?		39.5	μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO $_2$ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor		33.4	μg/m ³

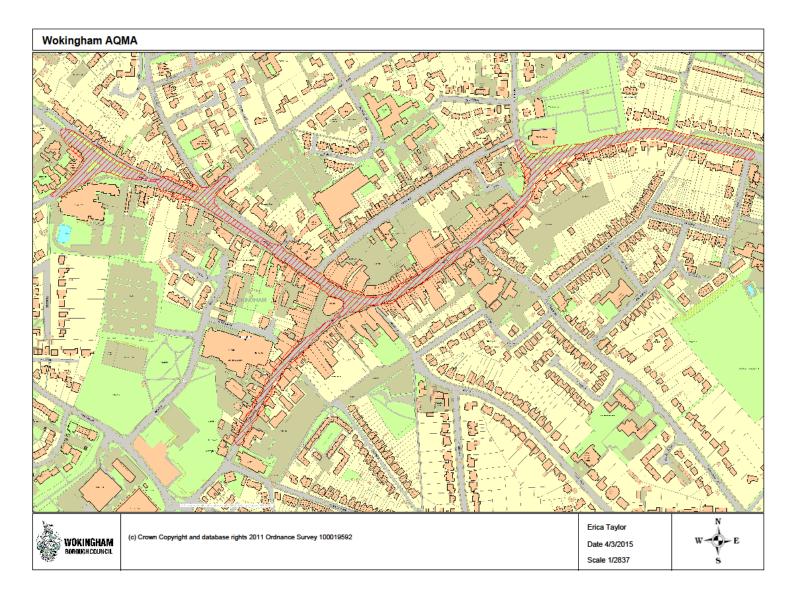
WOK 871 / 875 / 876 and WOK 879 / 880 / 881

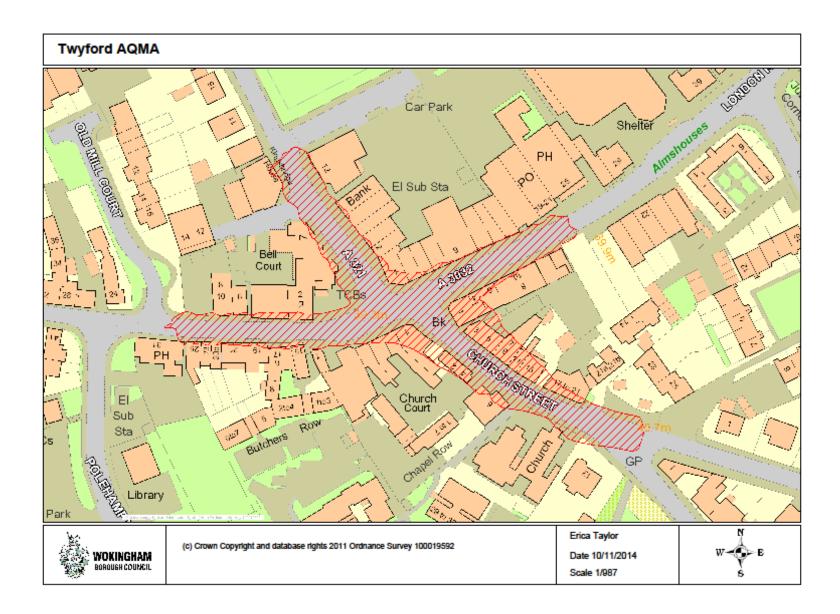
BUREAU VERITAS Enter data into the pink cells								
Distance (m) NO ₂ Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m ³)								
Site Name/ID	Monitoring Site to Kerb	Receptor to Kerb	Background	Monitored at Site	Predicted at Receptor	Comment		
Peach Street	1.6	2.4	13.8	39.2	36. <i>9</i>	Predicted concentration at Receptor within 10% the AQS objective.		
Twyford 871/875/976	1.6	2.4	15.1	32.3	30.7			

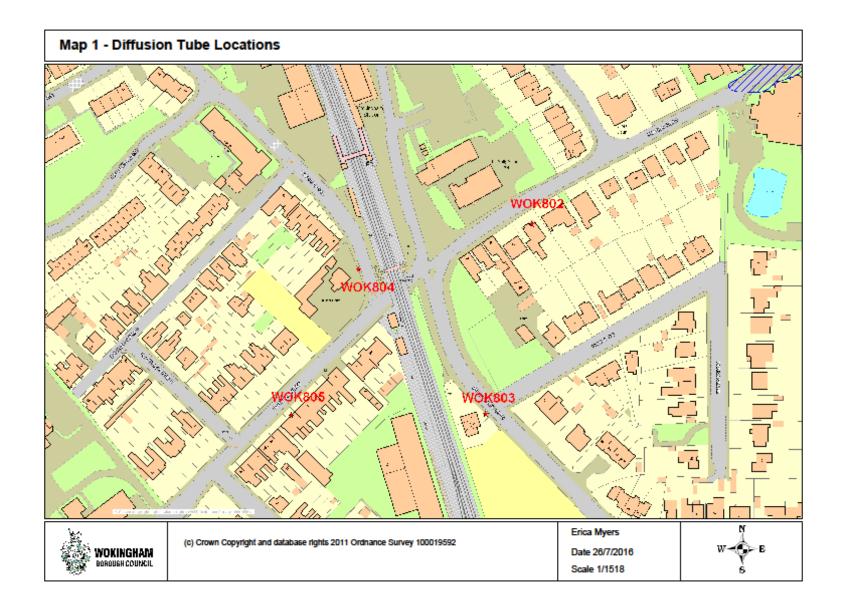
Appendix D: Map(s) of Monitoring Locations and AQMAs

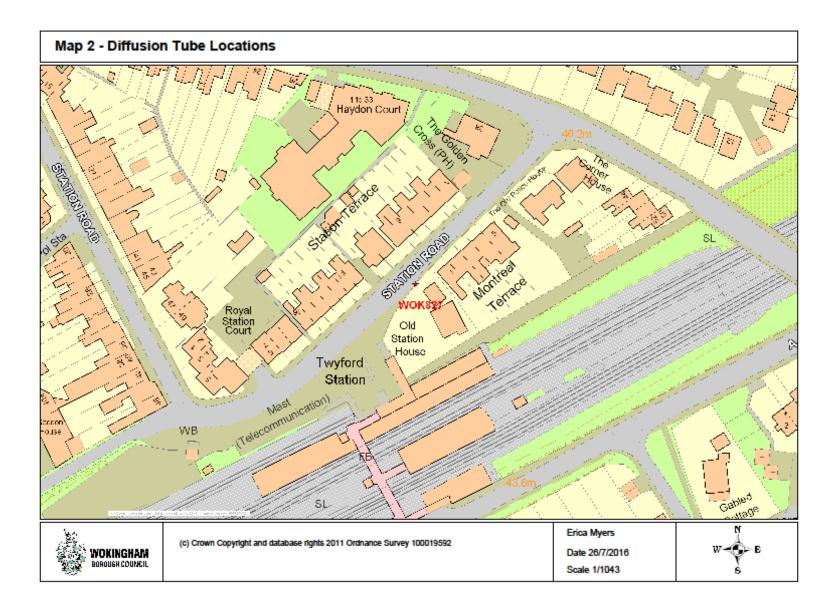


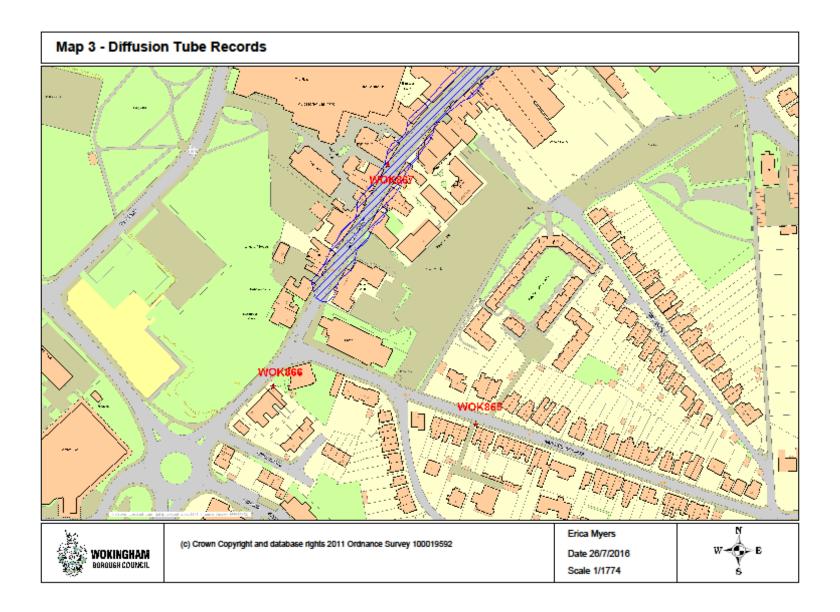
Wokingham Borough Council

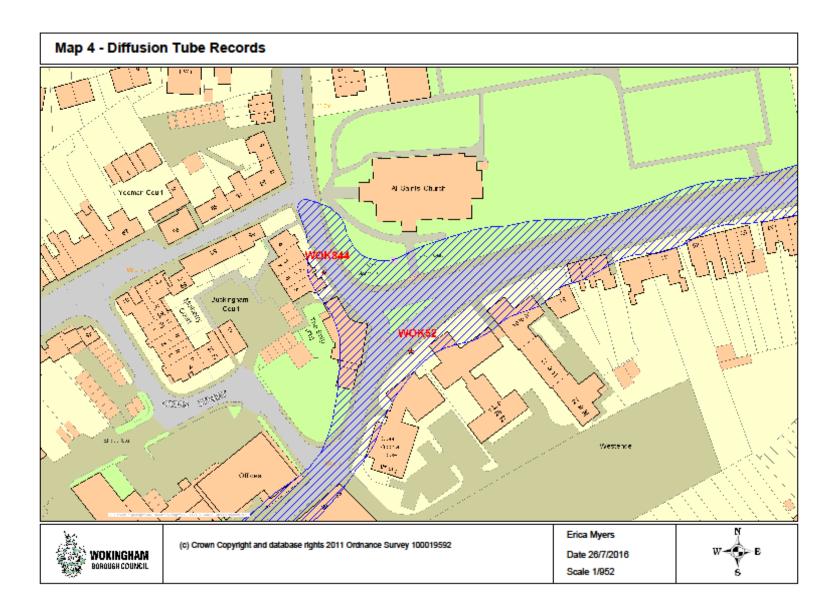


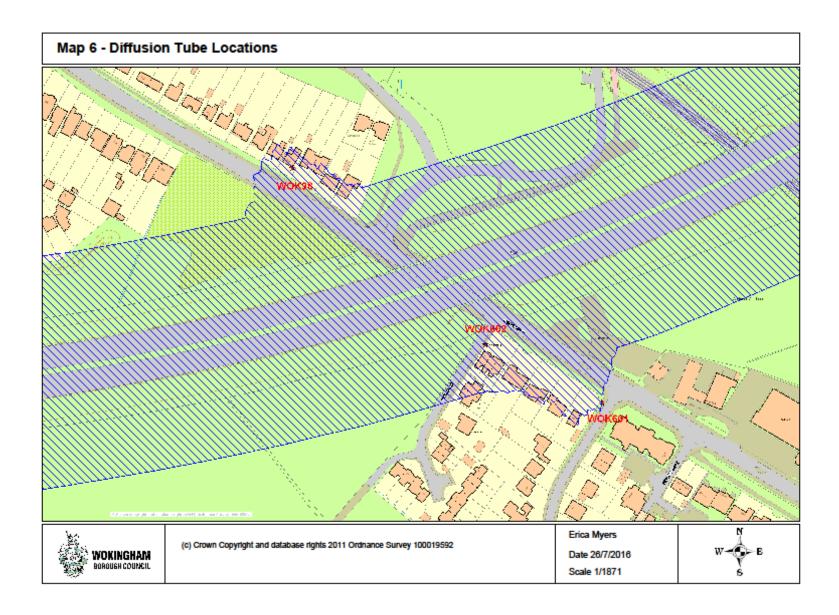


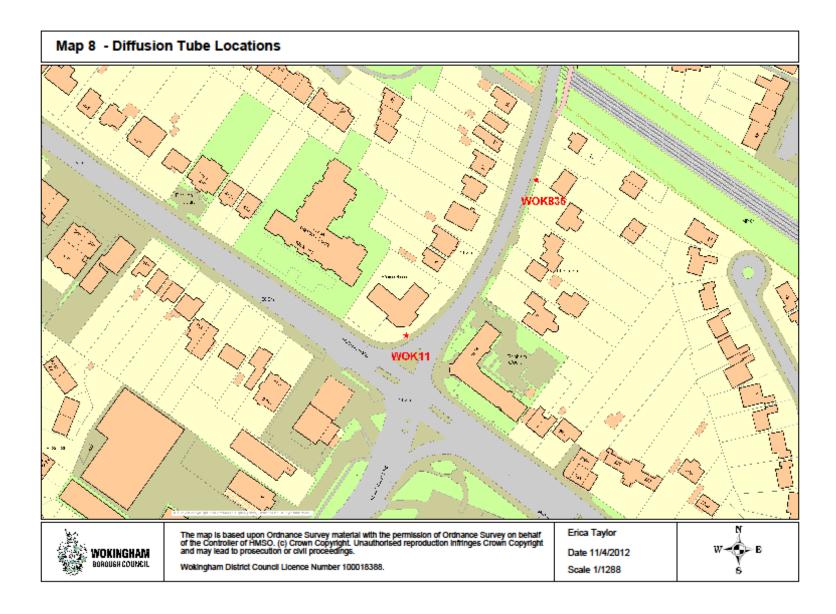


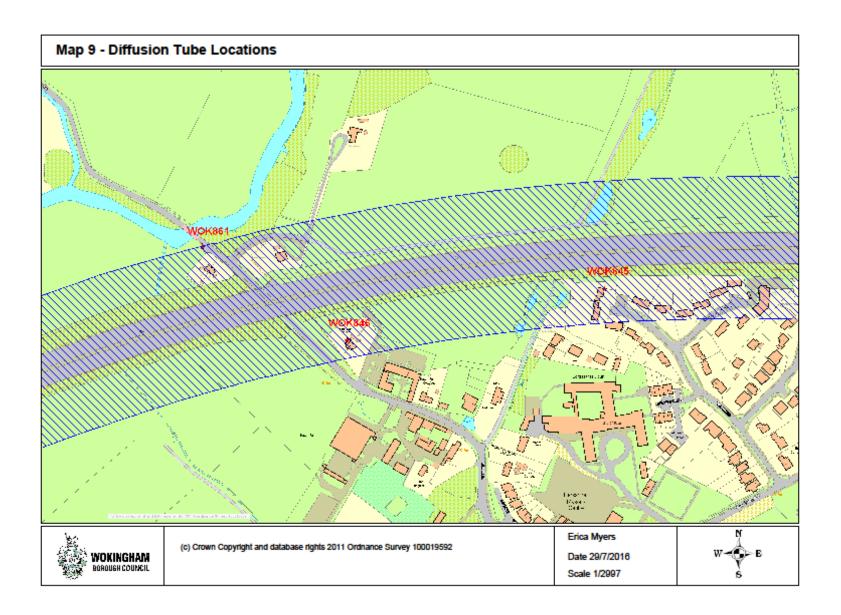


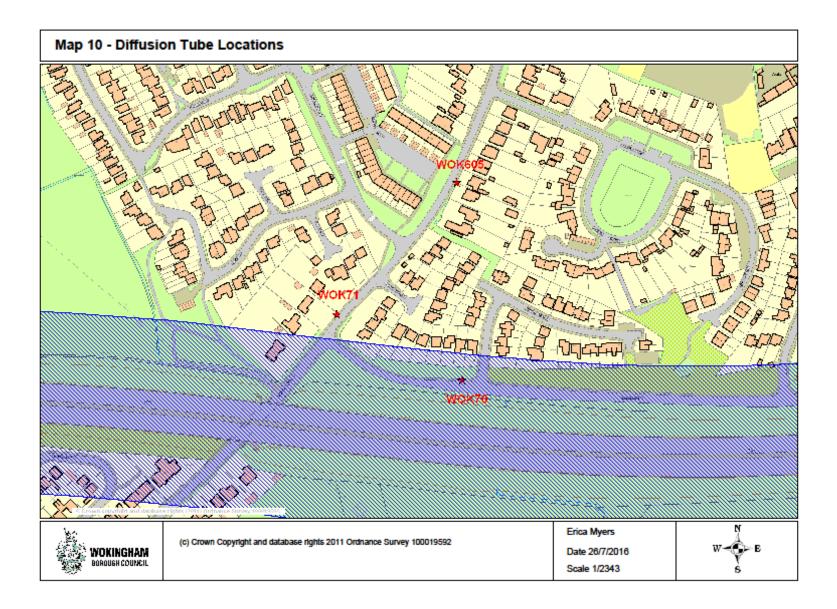


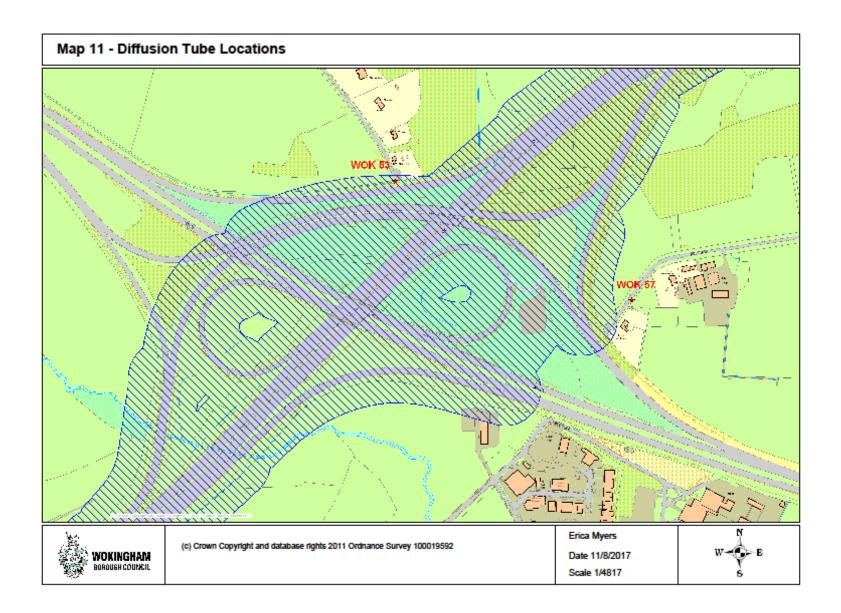


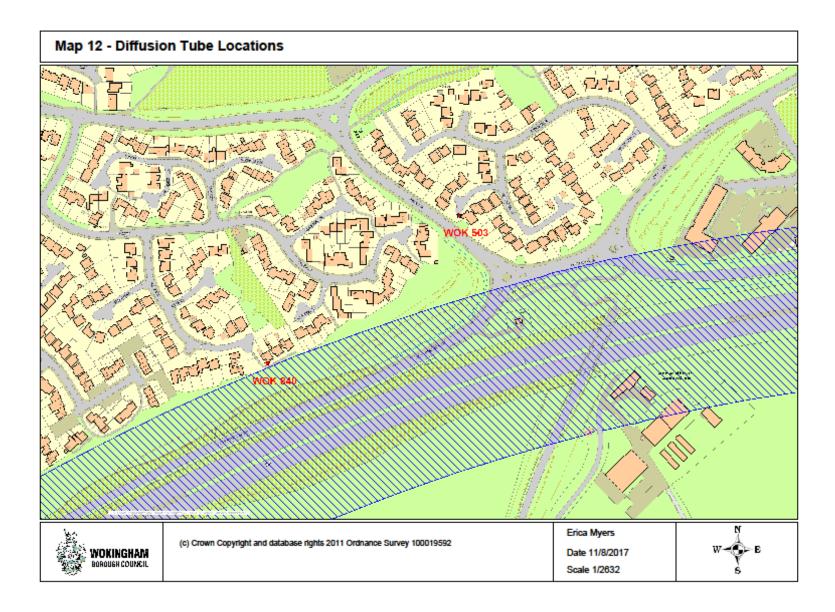


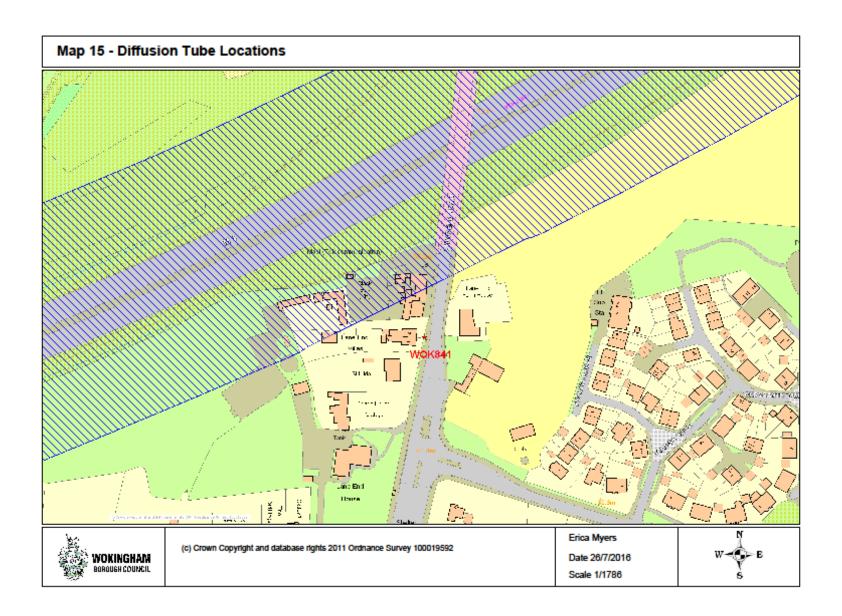


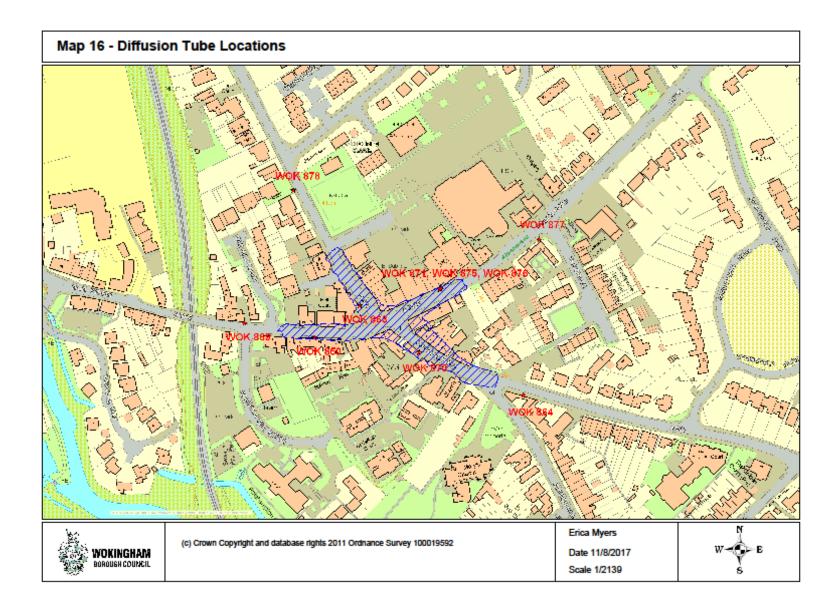


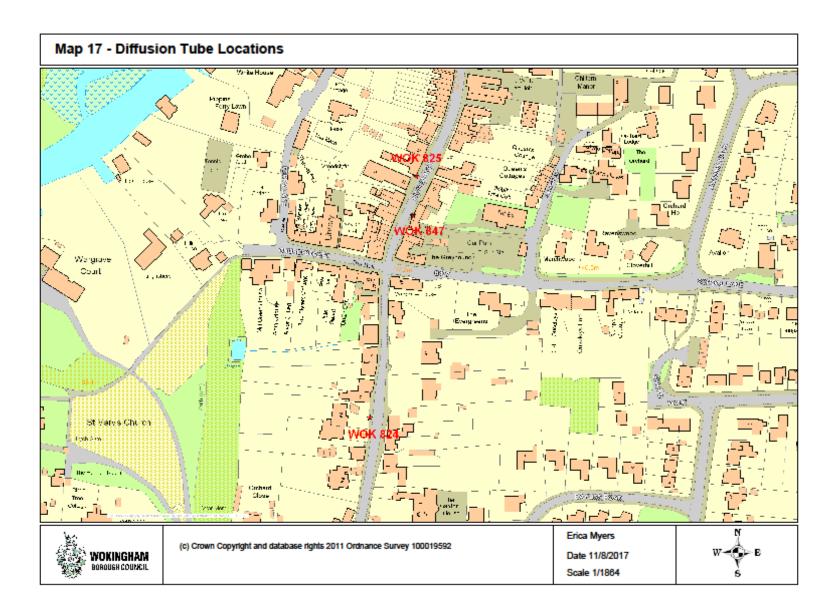


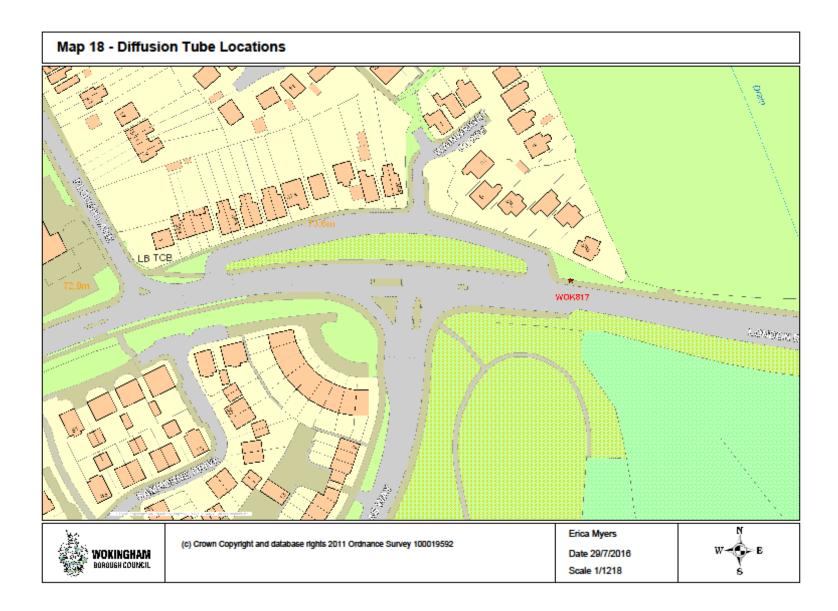


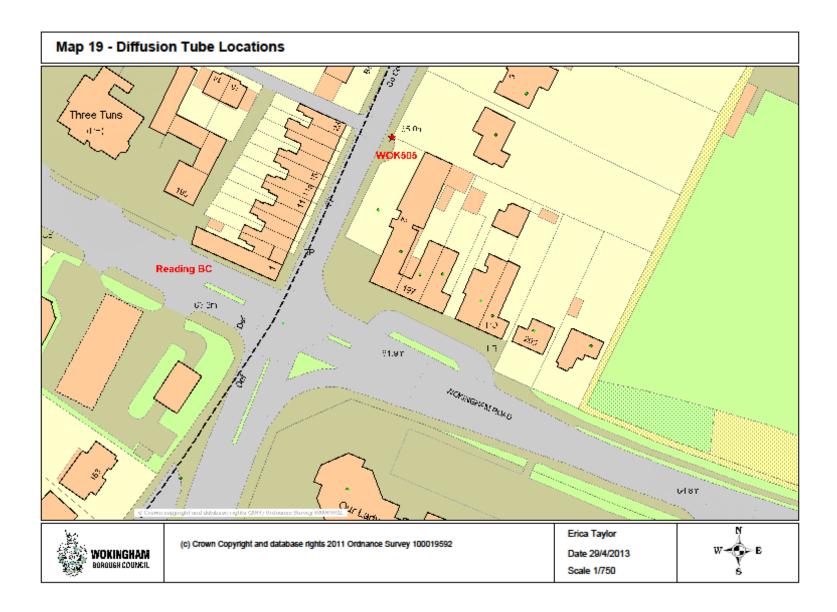


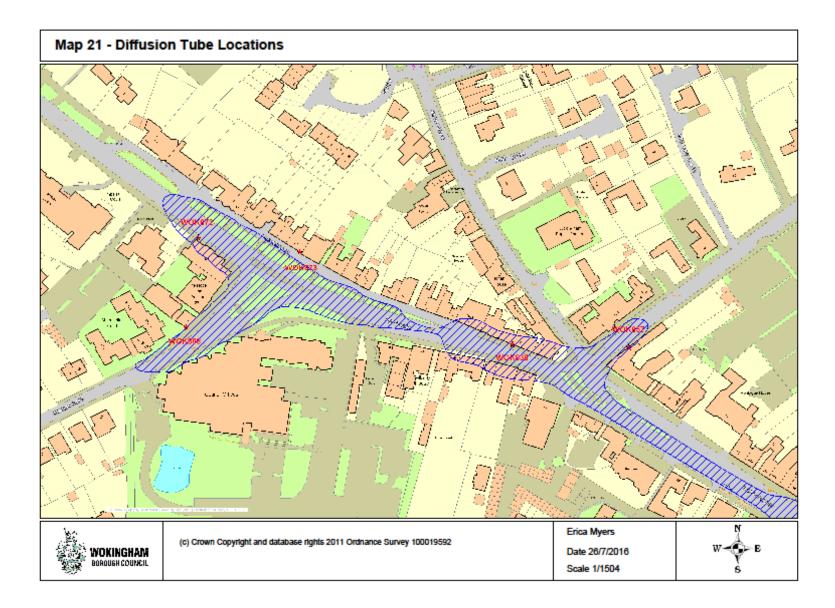


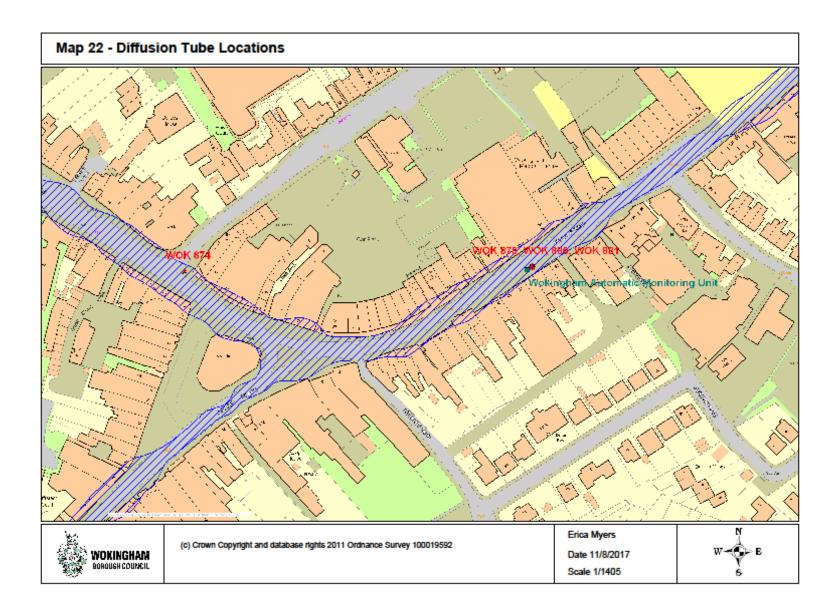


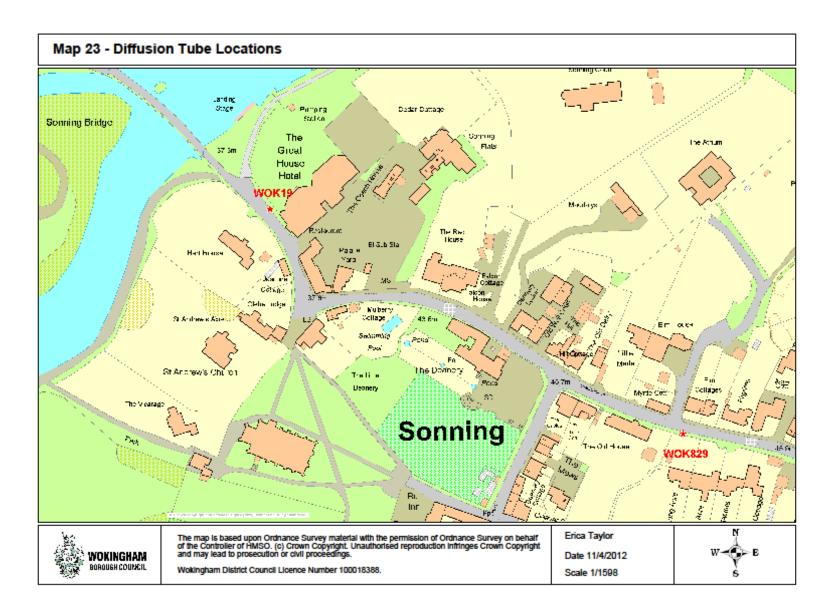


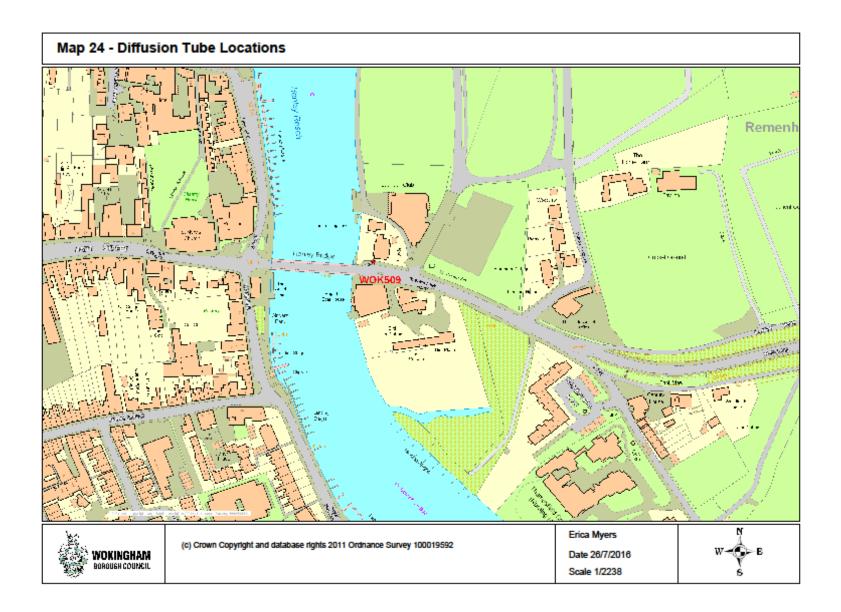


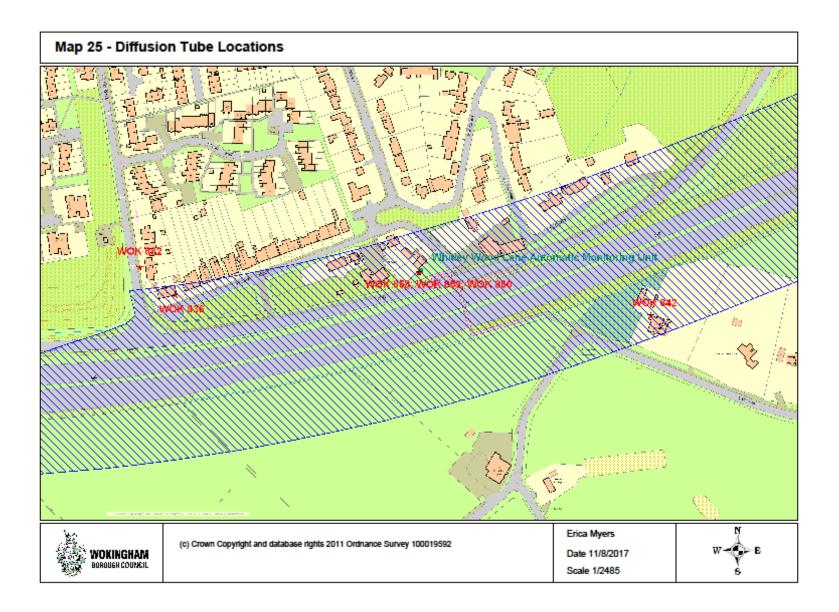












Appendix E: Summary of Air Quality Objectives in England

Table E.1 – Air Quality Objectives in England

Pollutant	Air Quality Objective ⁴	
	Concentration	Measured as
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	200 μg/m ³ not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	1-hour mean
	40 μg/m ³	Annual mean
Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀)	50 μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	24-hour mean
	40 μg/m ³	Annual mean
Sulphur Dioxide (SO2)	350 μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	1-hour mean
	125 μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	24-hour mean
	266 µg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	15-minute mean

⁴ The units are in microgrammes of pollutant per cubic metre of air (μ g/m³).

Glossary of Terms

Abbreviation	Description	
AQAP	Air Quality Action Plan - A detailed description of measures, outcomes, achievement dates and implementation methods, showing how the local authority intends to achieve air quality limit values'	
AQMA	Air Quality Management Area – An area where air pollutant concentrations exceed / are likely to exceed the relevant air quality objectives. AQMAs are declared for specific pollutants and objectives	
ASR	Air quality Annual Status Report	
Defra	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	
DMRB	Design Manual for Roads and Bridges – Air quality screening tool produced by Highways England	
EU	European Union	
FDMS	Filter Dynamics Measurement System	
LAQM	Local Air Quality Management	
NO ₂	Nitrogen Dioxide	
NOx	Nitrogen Oxides	
PM ₁₀	Airborne particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10µm (micrometres or microns) or less	
PM _{2.5}	Airborne particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of $2.5 \mu m$ or less	
QA/QC	Quality Assurance and Quality Control	
SO ₂	Sulphur Dioxide	